CARRIER'S LIST

THE

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

ESTABLISHED IN 1869. "Let us see to it, that a Government of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not Perish from the Earth."—A. LINCOLN. TERMS: $2.00 PER ANNUM.

VOL. VII. BELLEFONTE, PENN'A., WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 4, 1875. NO. 30

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

BY EDWARD T. TUTEN.

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance

REPUBLICAN STATE NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR,

JOHN F. HARTRANFT.

FOR STATE TREASURER,

HENRY RAWLE.

POLITICAL NOTES.

—A Democratic paper out in Ohio furnishes the reason for its own existence. It holds that "fools are necessary to show wise men by contrast."

—The witches who are stirring up the broth in the Democratic cauldron hardly know what to make of it, it contains so many irreconcilable ingredients.

—The *Obituary* is a weekly London paper devoted to a discussion of funeral subjects. There is a good hint for the Democracy in this.

—Tammany proposes to stop the deal of Morrissey in New York Democratic politics, by expelling him from the society—propably to make room for Tweed.

—Somebody ought to inform the Democratic press of this State who is their coming man for the Gubernational nomination. The present suspense is very hard for them to bear.

—Cassius M. Clay wants a straight-out Democratic President next year. He is not at all particular who the nominee is. There was no half-way business about his apostasy. His fall was absolute as that of Lucifer.

—The newspapers that have taken the contract to get Delano out of the Cabinet, have had another tug at it, and failed again. They will try again in a few weeks. It must be very fatiguing to lie so steadily.

—And a vision appeared unto Hendricks in the night. There stood a man of Ohio, and prayed him, saying: Come over into Ohio and help us. But he neither stirred nor opened his mouth. And they swear it was not the act of a Democratic apostle.

—An Iowa Democratic paper says that Kirkwood, the Republican candidate for Governor of that State, became a Republican after he washed the Ohio Democratic mud from himself. All of which is true; and there are thousands of Democrats, yet, who would profit by the same cleansing operation.

—Just before its final adjournment, the other day, the Connecticut Legislature voted to postpone indefinitely the bill giving women the right to use the ballot at Presidential elections. One of the members said he did not propose to vote to make a man of his wife. Evidently there is need that his wife should try to make a man of him.

—When, toward the close of his career as Democratic reformer, Boss Tweed became alarmed and feared an investigation of his schemes of plunder, he destroyed the vouchers that would have established his crime, and he is now allowed to profit in a court of law by his own wrong. Such, in New York, is Democratic justice!

—The Cincinnati *Enquirer* thinks that if the Republicans carry Ohio this fall, Hayes will be a stronger candidate for President than Grant, Morton, Washburne or Blaine. Well, what of it? You can't scare anybody with that idea. The Republicans will carry Ohio this fall, and they will take the strongest man they can find for their candidate for President.

—The great stock in trade of the Democracy used to be denunciations of carpet-baggers; yet it would be utterly powerless without them. Bill Allen, of Ohio, and Shepherd Leffler, of Iowa, whom they are supporting as candidates for Governor, are both carpet-baggers; and they have scarcely a single leading man in the West who did not emigrate thither from some other State.

—The tendency of the "Liberals" and "Independents" being to return to the Republican fold, the Democratic press is beginning to carp at them, declaring that they are "mostly disappointed politicians who would rather follow the machine than lead it." Granting the truth of this observation, it involves a virtual admission that the defeat of the Democratic party is assured.

LOCAL MISGOVERNMENT.

It is well that all good and patriotic citizens should watch with jealous eye the administration of the State and national government. They should do so, because it is upon the faithfulness and purity of their administration that their rights of personal liberty, personal security, and private property are dependent. With venial legislators and corrupt officials to make and execute the laws of the country, the rights of the citizens are greatly imperiled, and his life and property are liable to be sacrificed at any time, as the victims of misgovernment. But if the price of liberty is eternal vigilance, as to the State and nation, so it is as to our local governments.

What was the thraldom of New York under the rule of Tweed? How great is the venality and corruption in almost every county, city and town in the country? It would seem as though the most popular qualification of a public official is his capacity and fertility to manipulate and be manipulated by corrupt influences. So that we have a most melancholly exhibit of open corruption and weakness, and official peculation in most all our local governments, running through our entire system, from city to county, from county to borough, and from borough to township.

In our own town of Bellefonte, that is noted for the intelligence of its citizens, and their honesty and integrity of character, we have not been wholly exempt from misrule, nor entirely escaped the baleful effects of incompetent officials. Ever since the moral and intelligent tone of our town manifested its degeneracy and depravity, by electing A. Sternberg as its exponent to be Chief Burgess of Bellefonte, we have, as a community, suffered all the ills consequent upon our stupid and dollish action, in placing incompetency and debauchery into office. Within the past six months our town has been afflicted with drunken brawls and quarrels almost daily, while the Chief Burgess at many times is "cheek by jowl" with the principal actors in the fray, in their earlier stages of preparation for the combat. A system of burglarious action has been carried on by both native and foreign talent, with almost perfect impunity, and which has been really encouraged and invited, because of the character and tone of peculiar sentiment as manifested in our Chief Burgess, and our inefficient and defective police regulations. Men imbruted by gross intoxication are permitted to monopolize our streets and sidewalks, in many instances, so as to render it really unsafe for ladies to appear on the street. And, although an ordinance was recently passed to prohibit the lounging upon and blockading of public corners and streets, yet it is a dead letter, and so far as its benefits to the borough are concerned, might as well have never been enacted. There is scarcely an evening but what an immense crowd of men and boys, both rude and genteel, cram and crowd the landing at the depot so that it is not only almost impassable for passengers to land or get aboard the cars without injury and insult, but its tolerance is hazardous of human life. It is high time these things be changed and reformed. The Democracy purport to be the party of reform and good government, but what a sad spectacle of reform the rule of a Democratic Chief Burgess presents to Bellefonte. The Democrats of Bellefonte knew of Sternberg's total unfitness and incompetency for the office. Then if they are in favor of honesty and ability in office, why did they nominate and all vote for him, and enthusiastically work for his election? By so doing they showed their cloven foot, and the hollowness of their professions of reform, and afflicted our town with a petty disgrace that should wound the pride of every respectable citizen of the town, whose sensibilities are not wholly blunted by partisan prejudice.

If our Chief Burgess can not leave off his debauchery and association with the law-breakers of the community, and is wholly incompetent as the executive of the town, to command order and decency on our streets, he had better resign before our citizens are compelled to wholly surrender their rights and privileges to the ravages and recklessness of the lawless class.

ITS MISSION NOT ENDED.

For fourteen years the Republican party has governed the nation. Its record has become the most brilliant chapter in American history. No citizen need blush over a single line. Posterity will dwell with admiration over the grand work recorded in so brief a space of time.

Grand as its past achievements are admitted to be, even by its opponents, they will be at least equalled, if not surpassed, by the work of the future.

It has delivered the nation from the hands of its enemies; its future mission will be to conduct it to the highest possible plane of nationality. It has a public debt to pay, the pledged faith of the country to maintain, an emancipated race to protect, before it can retire from a work to which it was called by the voice of the people.

It is not idle boasting, but a recognized truth, when we say that the Republican party represents the intelligence, the wisdom, the patriotism, the honor of the nation, as found among all classes, among men of culture, wealth, industry, the true governing elements of nations. Could the two parties pass in review, so that the nation could contrast the material of each, there would be no hesitation among fair minded citizens, as to the party most entitled to support.

Democracy has some good men in its ranks—men who desire to do right, and who earnestly seek through their votes and influence to advance the interests of their country. But they are a hopeless minority, powerless to control the bad elements which exert a controlling influence in the Democratic party. Honor, patriotism, respectability, intelligence, are the exceptions in Democracy, while in the Republican party they are the rule.

Rascals will creep into the best organized society. They will get into the church, the best protected orders, the family circle. They are not invited, but they come under guise of honor, and are known only when their acts betray them. Such men are discovered from time to time in the Republican party, but as soon as known they receive the lash of indignation; or, if criminally guilty, the penalties laid down in the law. They have never been sheltered by the party, and they never will be. Whenever, or wherever discovered, they will have meted out to them the punishment they deserve.

This is all that any human organization can do. We should expect no more from a party; we should be satisfied with no less. To search out and punish the delinquent, to ignore the unworthy, to turn a cold shoulder to those who would use the party to promote their own selfish purposes, should be the object and aim of true Republicans. Our ranks are filled with noble characters, men of public and private virtue, whose names have become household words in the localities where they reside. To bring them to the front, to nominate them for office, to select them as leaders, is to write victory on our party banners. Let this important duty be performed.

THE BOSTON BOY MURDERER.

An Ingenious Plan to Escape From Jail that Was Frustrated.

BOSTON, July 21—An attempt of young Pomeroy, the boy murderer, to escape from Charles street jail was discovered yesterday. He had been engaged for some time in digging out the brick around the window of his cell by means of a piece of iron wash dish, and his plan was, after getting himself outside of the cell, to lower himself from the iron gallery to the floor of the rotunda by cords taken from the window frame. He was to leave the cell at midnight as the watch was being changed, and, providing that he could overcome all who opposed him, clear the jail building and scale the exterior wall. Letters to his family ingeniously describing his plan of operation were found in his cell.

DEATH OF SENATOR JOHNSON, OF TENNESSEE.

We learn by telegraph of the sudden death of ex-President Johnson, the present Senator from Tennessee. He died very unexpectedly at his residence at Bristol, in Carter county, at 2:30 Saturday morning, July 31, from the effects of a stroke of paralysis. It is said that in the last hours he requested that his winding-sheet might be the flag of his country.

His death has cast a feeling of gloom over the country. Even those politically opposed to him express their sorrow in feeling terms.

Andrew Johnson was a remarkable man, and stood out before the eyes of the world as a conspicuous example of what a person, even in the very humblest stations in life, may attain to in this land of the free. He was born in Raleigh, North Carolina, December 29, 1808, and was therefore in the 67th year of his age. In early life he possessed none of the advantages so common now to every American youth. At the early age of ten years he was apprenticed to a tailor. It has been said by some that his wife taught him to read, but this is not the case; he devoted the spare time he had from work during his apprenticeship to study, and learned to read, and also made some progress in other branches of education.

The first office to which he was elected was that of alderman. He in after life often referred to it with seeming pride. It was at this time that he displayed a love for public speaking, and the young people of the town called the then alderman, Demosthenes. In 1830 he was chosen Mayor of Greenville, serving for three terms. In 1835 he was chosen a member of the Lower House of the Tennessee Legislature, and in 1841 he was promoted to the State Senate. In 1842 he was chosen to Congress. After his term expired he was elected Governor of Tennessee, and re-elected in 1855. He was chosen United States Senator in 1857 for the term ending in 1863. For all this time Mr. Johnson was a Democrat, and in 1860 he gave his support and vote to Breckenridge and Lane, the candidates of the ultra-Southerners. But when they fired upon the flag, he took sides with his country and the perpetuity of the Union, and gave an earnest support to the administration of President Lincoln. In 1864 Mr. Johnson was put on the Republican ticket with Mr. Lincoln. This was done as an acknowledgement for his valuable services in the Union cause. After Mr. Lincoln's death, he became President. After his term expired he returned to his home in Tennessee, but he again appeared upon the political surface, and after a spirited contest last winter, he was again elected to the United States Senate.

Mr. Johnson had many sterling virtues; let us remember them. He had many faults; let them be buried with him. We can at least say this for him, he was loyal when it cost something to be true, and when others of his political associates forgot their duty to their country and its flag. He was a man of undaunted courage, as his conduct often attested. He was also a man of great energy, and these virtues are to any man great helps to success.

COUNCILMAN BROWN laid in a complaint to the Town Council at their meeting on Monday night last, setting forth that drunkenness and rowdyism in the South Ward, were becoming annoying to the good people of that section of our town, and desired that the Council should provide for a police force to be on duty all the time. The Council referred the complainant to the Chief Burgess. Although the people of the South Ward were the chief contributors to Mr. Sternburg's election, he seems to have deserted them in the time of need for the more congenial climate of a summer resort, where his company seems to be highly appreciated.

——Work on the L. C. & S. C. Railroad is going on now on both sides of Paddy's mountain.

——Go to Sechler's for segars and tobacco, he keeps nothing but the best brands.

OUR ASSOCIATED PRESS LETTER.

PHILADELPHIA Aug. 4, 1875.

THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.

Troubles appear to thicken around the brow of President Scott. Since my last letter was written, a bill in equity has been filed against the Pennsylvania Railroad Company by Mr. Wm. Howard, for $11,000,000, the sum alleged to have been stolen from the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad by the Pennsylvania Company during the nine years that Col. Scott's Company leased the Philadelphia and Erie. As Mr. Howard is one of the best accountants in this or any other country, and is one of the most persistent men living, and having withal a good claim, this equity case may possibly be the initial proceeding that will cause a scattering of the corrupt management of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

KEELY'S MOTOR.

I have said nothing in these letters about Keely's motor, for the reason that the power will not be applied for six months to come; and, in the meantime, if his object is to get up a stock company, or to sell out to some verdant gentleman, with more cash than brains, I am not aiding him in his little game. Mr. Keely may put harness on electricity, and cause his motor to work well, either single or double; but just now all he can do is to warrant it "to stand without hitching." When the thing begins to move—six months from now—I will inform you of it.

EX-GOVERNOR BIGLER.

One of the stockholders of McClure's *Times* recently received a letter from Governor Bigler explanatory of what the Governor had a few days previously explained to Mr. Thomson, of Indiana county. The telegram to Mr. Thomson—the Governor says—"was designed simply to assure him I would not dissent from these proceedings, and published without any *explanation*, I realized at once that it would be understood as a public declaration of my desire and purpose to be a candidate for Governor. I had no such intention then, and have no such intention now."

The explanation explaining just what the Governor meant in the telegram is thus given to the *Times'* man by Mr. Bigler: "I hold, however, that in the *present* condition of public affairs, no man can be justified in declining responsible trust, and especially one upon whom so many honors have been conferred in my more ambitious years."

As this is an era of suspicion, it occurs to me that the Republican party of the State, will some how or other, come to regard the Cetennial as a sort of patriotic propagating house, especially designed to force their most pecuniarily favored servant into a full blown Governor. And if the friends of the score or more of Democratic candidates should look upon this matter from a similar standpoint, it seems to me that the Centennial Commission, to say the least, is doing an unwise thing in putting forward a candidate for executive of the State.

A GOOD LITTLE BOY.

He was a real nice little boy, and his name was John Henry Thomas. For supper he ate heartily of cucumbers, and had he been satisfied therewith, he might now be flying his little kite, but the green apples at the corner store tempted him, and like his first paternal ancestor, he fell; this good little boy borrowed a ten-cent note from his mother's work-box, and had he lived until the following Saturday, he would probably have replaced it with the ten cents Mrs. LeGrand always gave him for carrying home her marketing.

Had Johnny spent all that *borrowed* dime in green apples, he might have recovered, even if they had disagreed with him, but it was the five cents he spent for his first cigar that played havoc with his internal machinery. As Johnny was reticent about his investment until he was too sick to tell the doctor of it, the good old doctor said he died of "green vomit."

His Sunday-school class attended his funeral, and appeared deeply touched as their teacher read these pathetic lines from the *Ledger*:

"We had a little Johnny once;
He was his parents' pride;
We loved him, perhaps, a" too much.
For he took sick and died.
Gone to meet his brother."

MISCELLANEOUS.

There has been but one case of murder during the week while under the influence of liquor, which, according to the theory of our District Attorney, is not murder at all. This time it was Patrick F. Broderick who got drunk, intending to complete the job of killing his wife, which he had only partially accomplished on several previous occasions. His wife, however, escaped from the room, taking her boy, aged about six years, into the yard with her, leaving an infant, aged nine months, lying on the bed. As the husband, drunk or sober, had always a warm affection for his infant daughter, the mother, in escaping from the room, thought only of the boy for whom the father, when drunk, entertained ugly feelings. The mother and son had scarcely reached the yard before the drunken brute hurled his infant to the ground from the second-story window, from the effects of which she died in about two hours; and thus, because our prosecuting officer holds that it was not murder for two drunken men to riddle the body of a man with bullets for whom they had harbored a bitter enmity for a dozen years, we are having an abundant harvest of just such drunken manslaughter cases.

It is not a pleasant subject to write about, but your readers will remember that I recently mentioned that Mr. Alfred Bamber left his wife and children safe at home a nice summer afternoon, two or three weeks ago, and went down the river to the Gloucester gardens, and that a female cajoler accompanied him, who got his $80 diamond ring from "Al's" finger on to her own; and that, rather than return it, she swallowed it. The lady was lodged in prison, charged with the theft; an emetic and stomach pump applied, but the diamond was not dislodged. The next day the siren's next friend put in an appearance, and went the old gal's bail to the extent of $2,000. Premonitions of trouble presenting themselves in the region of the digestive apparatus of the ring-swallower, she called in the services of one of our best physicians, who gave that female the biggest dose of castor oil ever sent down the wuzzen of a human being. Mr. Bamber has his diamond, and what I wished to remark, simply as a matter of handy advice, is, that when a finger ring is swallowed, by accident or design, use freely of castor oil until—the patient recovers—or, which is about the same thing, the obstruction is removed.

The Delaware peach-growers have made arrangements to ship about 35,000 baskets of peaches a week to Liverpool, via of the American Steamship Company's line. The forward steerage-cabin will be fitted up as an immense refrigerator, capable of holding nearly 40,000 baskets. As the average temperature of that part of the vessel is 50 degrees, the expense for ice will not be very great, and the cost per basket being only seven cents between Philadelphia and Liverpool, it is believed the shipment of peaches to Europe will prove successful. If the peach-growers will only bear in mind that next year is centennial year, and would not forget to can all the peaches they can, they will make an investment that will find a profitable market.

IMPORTANT.

We have had Senator Wallace with us, looking after the Governorship. He appeared to about evenly divide his attention between the magnates of the party and the managers of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. I cannot tell what effect the Senator's visit produced, but this I know, that Sam Josephs and "Bill" McMullin are for Bigler, and the Pennsylvania Company is not indifferent to his nomination. One other thing I might mention, which is, that now Bigler is on the Gubernatorial slate, there is a disposition to concede the State Treasurer to a Liberal Republican, and Col. John W. Forney is the conservative whom the engineers of the Erie Convention are entirely willing to put upon the ticket.

J. W. F.

——The most accomplished clerks in this city are the Teats brothers; they are now in the employ of Sechler & Co.

——The town Council elected Jesse Klinger Esq., a resident of the West Ward, collector of borough taxes for the ensuing year.

——Ho! all ye that thirst, go to Green's drug store next door to entrance to Bush House and yet a drink of the celebrated Peruvian Beer, the National Beverage.

——We understand that our subscribers at Walker, missed their papers last week; we forwarded the papers as soon as we learned the fact. The mistake was accomplished by a portion of our mailing galley getting piled by accident, and in the hurry to get it up in season, we overlooked the Walker list. We wish when our patrons miss their papers they would drop us a postal card, so that we may rectify the mistake as soon a possible.

——Next Saturday, the Democratic primary elections will take place. The contest among the Democratic aspirants has been fought knife to knife, and the battle will not end till Tuesday next, the day of the convention; and then we imagine it will only just barely begun.

——Company B. 5th Regt. N. G. held another election last Thursday for the purpose of electing competent officers. P. Benner Wilson were elected captain; O. W. Van Valin, 1st Lieut. and Charles Heisler 2d Lieut. The company has leased a large hall in Bush's Arcade which will be used as an armory, where drill exercises are held every evening. A business meeting will be held on Monday evening next and a full attendance is requested.

——The engine attached to Conductor Given's freight train, and run by engineer Fallon, on the Bald Eagle Valley rail road, jumped the track a short distance below town yesterday morning. While the conductor was at the Telegraph office asking for the wreck train, Mr. Fallon succeeded in putting the engine on the track, after which he spiked the rails and moved his train up to town without further assistance. We are informed that Mr. Fallon, exhibited considerable skill in his efforts to get his train moved, and was complemented by the practical men who witnessed the operation. The mail train was detained but a few minutes.

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

Poetry.

HOW THEY POP THE QUESTION.

The sailor says, "I like your rig,
And though I've noticed many,
I really think you are old gal,
As trim a craft as any;
And if you'll only say the word,
Through every kind of weather,
Just blast my eyes if we don't
Go cruising on together."

The poet with enraptured gaze,
Points out a single star—
"Tis thus, sweet lady, that you shine
On mortals from afar;
But oh! it is my fondest hope—
Though selfish, I must own—
That in some modest, vine-wreathed cot,
You'll shine for me alone."

The dancing-master, French, of course,
Thinks earnestly of mating,
And seeks some little widow
A bow excruciating.
"Madame, ze heart is in ze hope,
You love a leetle beet,
And go ze way of life vis me;
Madame, I kees your feet."

The actor quotes from many plays,
And swears by many persons,
His hand shall build his Arabella,
A cot among the flowers,
Without her smile he e'er is like
A ship without a rudder;
Then talks of dark despair and death
Until he makes her shudder.

The tradesman, with a busy eye,
A partner seeks for life—
For sure the best investment is
A tidy, loving wife.
He sees her as a kind of stock,
To sell as any other—
Counts out the requisite amount,
And buys her from her mother.

And Pat, the coachman, winks at Bid,
As flirs from room to room,
The ever merry chamber maid,
With dusting pan and broom.
He says, "Me darlint, when we've laid
Us by a heap of money,
We'll get the priest to tie the knot,
If you'll say yes, me honey.

Says Hans Von Schmidt, who keeps saloon,
"I want a guter frow,
To help me make der lager pier,
Und milk der prindle gow;
To make my shirts and cook der krout,
Und efrytings to do;
To feed der horse und slop der peeg,
Und tend my papies too."

And even Sam, the barber man,
At Nan rolls up his eyes,
And talks of matrimonial bliss,
With most heart-rending sighs.
"If you don't gub that lilyhand
To dis 'ere lub-sick nigger,
He puts dis pistol to his head,
And den he pulls de trigger."

'Tis thus mankind rush to their fate.
For which a brilliant light,
That little elfin being Love,
Has power beyond the sight.
Like little children's barks adown the falls
To waters still below.
Some glide along without a heart,
And some to ruin go

THROUGH PEACE TO LIGHT.

I do not ask, O Lord, that life may be
A pleasant road;
I do not ask that Thou wouldst take from me
Aught of its load;
I do not ask that flowers should always spring
Beneath my feet;
I know too well the poison and sting
Of things too sweet.
For one thing only, Lord, dear Lord, I plead,
Lead me aright—
Though strength should falter, and though heart should bleed—
Through peace to light.

I do not ask, O Lord, that Thou shouldst shed
Full radiance here;
Give me but a ray of peace, that I may tread
Without a fear.
I do not ask my cross to understand,
My way to see;
Better in darkness just to feel Thy hand
And follow Thee;
Joy is like restless day; but peace divine
Like quiet night;
Lead me, O Lord, till perfect day shall shine;
Through peace to light.

Our Story Teller.

Sent by Express.

Marian Harlan was alone in the world—her mother just buried.

She was a beautiful, brown-haired girl, with soft, shy eyes of violet gray, and rosy lips, compressed to a firmness far beyond her years. For after all she was scarcely seventeen, and so Deacon Gray was telling her, as he sat by the fire spreading his huge hands over the tardy blaze, and asked:

"But what are you goin' to do to earn your bread and butter, child?"

"I don't know—I haven't thought. Mamma had an uncle in New York, who—"

"Yes, yes—I've heard tell about *him*—he was mad 'cause your mother didn't marry just exactly to suit him, wasn't it?"

Marian was silent. Deacon Gray waited a few minutes, hoping she would admit him into her secret meditations, but she did not, and the deacon went away home, to tell his wife "that Harlan gal was the very queerest creetur he ever had come across."

In the meantime Marian was busy packing her few scanty things into a little carpet-bag by the wierd flickering light of the dying wood fire.

"I will go to New York," she said to herself, setting her small pearl teeth firmly together. "My mother's uncle *shall* hear my cause pleaded through my own lips. Oh, I wish my heart would not throb so wildly! I am no longer mock Minnie Harlan; I am an orphan, all alone in the world, who must fight life's battle with her own single hands."

Lower Broadway, at seven o'clock in the evening! What a Babel of crushing wheels, hurrying humanity, and conglomerate noises it was! Minnie Harlan sat in the corner of an express office, under the flare of gaslight surrounded by boxes, and wondered whether people ever went crazed in this perpetual din and tumult. Her dress was very plain—gray poplin, with a shabby, old-fashioned little straw bonnet tied with black ribbons, and a blue veil, while her only article of baggage, the carpet-bag, lay in her lap. She had sat there two hours, and was very tired.

"Poor little thing!" thought the dark-haired young clerk nearest her, who inhabited a sort of wire cage under a circlet of gaslights. And then he took up his pen and plunged into a perfect Atlantic ocean of accounts.

"Mr. Evans."

"Sir."

The dark-haired clerk emerged from his cage with his pen behind his ear, in obedience to the beckoning finger of his superior.

"I have noticed that young woman sitting here for some time—how came she here?"

"Expressed on, sir, from Millington, Iowa—arrived this afternoon."

As though poor Minnie Harlan was a box or a paper parcel.

"Who for?"

"Consigned to Walter Harrington, Esq."

"And why hasn't she been called for."

"I sent up to Mr. Harrington's address to notify him some time ago; I expect an answer every moment."

"Very odd," said the gray-haired gentleman, taking up his newspaper.

"Yes, sir, rather."

Some three-quarters of an hour afterward, Frank Evans came to the pale girl's side with indescribable pity in his hazel eyes.

"Miss Harlan, we have sent to Mr. Harrington's residence—"

Minnie looked up with a feverish red upon her cheek, and her hands clasped tightly on the handle of the faded carpet-bag.

"And we regret to inform you that he sailed for Europe at twelve o'clock this day."

A sudden blur came over Minnie's eyes—she trembled like a leaf. In all her calculations she made no allowance for an exigency like this.

"Can we do anything further for you?" questioned the young clerk, politely.

"Nothing—no one can do anything *now*!"

Frank Evans had been turning away, but something in the piteous tones of her voice appealed to every manly instinct within him.

"Shall I send to any other of your friends?"

"I have no friends."

"Perhaps I can have your things sent to some quiet family hotel?"

Minnie opened her little leather purse and showed him two ten-cent pieces, with a smile that was almost a tear.

"This is all the money I have in the world, sir!"

So young, so beautiful, and so desolate! Frank Evans had been a New Yorker all his life, but he had never met with an exactly parallel case to this. He bit the end of his pen in dire perplexity.

"But what are you going to do?"

"I don't know, sir. Isn't there a workhouse, or some place I could go to, until I could find something to do?"

"Hardly." Frank Evans could scarcely help smiling at poor Minnie's simplicity.

"They are putting out the lights and preparing to close the office," said Minnie, starting nervously to her feet. "I must go—somewhere."

"Miss Harlan," said Frank, quickly, my home is a very poor one—I am only a five-hundred-dollar clerk—but I am sure mother will receive you under her roof for a day or two, if you can trust me."

"Trust you?" Minnie looked at him through violet eyes obscured in tears.

"Oh, sir, I should be so thankful?"

* * * * * * * * * *

"How late you are, Frank! Here—give me your overcoat—it is all powdered with snow, and———"

But Frank interrupted his bustling, cherry-cheeked little mother as she stood on tip-toe to take off his outer trappings.

"Hush, mother; there is a young lady down stairs."

"A young lady, Frank?"

"Yes, mother; expressed on from Iowa to old Harrington, the rich merchant. He sailed for Europe this morning, and she is left entirely alone. Mother, she looks like poor Blanche, and I know you wouldn't refuse her a corner here until she could find something to do."

Mrs. Evans went to the door and called cheerfully out:

"Come up stairs, my dear—you're as welcome as the flowers in May! Frank, you did quite right; you always do."

The days and weeks passed on and still Minnie Harlan remained an intimate of Mrs. Evan's humble dwelling.

"It seems just as though she had taken our dead Blanche's place," said the cosy little widow; "and she is so useful about the house. I don't know how I ever managed without her. Now, Minnie, you are not in earnest about leaving us to-morrow?"

"I must, dear Mrs. Evans; only think—I have been here two months to-morrow, and the situation is very advantageous."

"Very well. I shall tell Frank how obstinate you are."

"Dearest Mrs. Evans, please don't. Please keep my secret."

"What secret is it that is to be so religiously kept?" asked Mr. Frank Evans, coolly walking into the midst of the discussion with his dark hair tossed about by the wind, and his brown eyes sparkling archly.

"Secret!" repeated Mrs. Evans, energetically wiping her dim spectacle glasses. "Why, Marian is determined to leave us to-morrow."

"Minnie!"

"I must, Frank. I have no right further to trespass on your kindness."

"No right, eh? Minnie, do you know that the old house has been a different house since you came into it? Do you suppose we want to lose our little sunbeam?"

Minnie smiled sadly, but her hand felt very cold and passive in Frank's warm grasp.

"You'll stay, Minnie?"

"No."

She shook her head determinedly.

"Then you must be made to stay," said Frank. "I've missed something of great value lately, and I hereby arrest you on suipicion of the theft!"

"Missed something?"

Minnie rose, turning red and white.

"Oh, Frank, you can never suspect!"

"But I do suspect you. In fact I am quite sure that the article is in your possession."

"The article!"

"My heart, Miss Minnie!" Now look here—I know I am very young and very poor, but I love you, Minnie Harlan, and I will be a good and true husband to you. Stay and be my little wife!"

So Minnie Harlan, instead of going out as a governess, according to the programme, married the dark-haired young clerk in Ellison's Express Office, New York.

They were very quietly married, early in the morning, and Frank took Minnie home to his mother, and then went calmly about his business in the wire cage, under the circle of gaslights:

"Evans!"

"Yes, sir."

Frank with his pen behind his ear as of yore quietly obeyed the behests of the gray haired official.

"Do you remember the woman who was expressed on from Millington, Iowa two months since?"

"Yes, sir—I remember her."

A tall silver haired gentleman here interposed with eager quickness.

"Where is she? I am her uncle, Walter Harrington. I have just returned from Paris when the news of her arrival reaches me. I want her, she is the only living relative left me."

"Ah! but, sir," said Frank; "you can't have her."

"Can't have her? What do you mean? Has anything happened?"

"Yes, sir, something has happened: Miss Harlan was married to me this morning."

Walter Harrington stared.

"Take me to her," he said, hoarsely "I can't be parted from my only living relative for a mere whim."

"I wonder if he calls the marriage service and wedding ring mere whims," thought honest Frank, but he obeyed in silence.

"Minnie," said the old man, in faltering accents, "you will come to me and be the daughter of my old age? I am rich, Minnie, and you are all I have in the world."

But Minnie stole her hand through her husband's arm.

"Dearest uncle, he was kind to me when I was most desolate and alone. I cannot leave my husband, Uncle Walter—I love him!"

"Then you must both of you come and be my children," said the old man doggedly; "and you must come now, for the great house is lonely as a tomb."

Frank Evans is an express clerk no longer, and pretty Minnie moves in velvet and diamonds but they are quite as happy now as they were in the old days, and that is saying enough. Uncle Walter Harrington grows older and feebler every day, and his two childen are the sunshine of his declining life.

The Mistress of Woodlawn.

"So good of you, Paul," and the widow smiled sweetly as she held out her hand.

"Only my duty," was the response. "I hope everything is settled satisfactorily, for I must take this evening's train."

The widow assured him that it was, and he went away, to be absent for an indefinite number of years.

Paul Woodford was a young man of some twenty-eight years of age. He was a gentleman of means and leisure, which translated into plain English, may be understood as an independent fortune and no profession. He complained as much of *ennui* as any lady of fashion; and now, being tired of his native country, determined to make a prolonged tour of the old world.

Meanwhile chances threw him into the vicinity of a distant cousin, whom he had met but once in his life. He determined to call on him, and upon doing so was shocked to find that he was dead, and that his widow and two daughters were living in shabby-genteel poverty.

Paul Woodford hated the sight of poverty; the widow realizing that, began to dilate upon the horrors of her present life.

"Besides," she said plaintively, "I have an orphan niece of Mr. Raymond's to support. She has lived with us for years, and I cannot turn her out."

"No, indeed, madam!" exclaimed Paul, and then for a moment he was silent. "I think I have a plan which will be to your advantage," he observed. I am going abroad and intended to shut up Woodlawn. Instead, if you will honor me by going there and taking charge during my absence, you will oblige me."

A new light shone in the widow's face at the proposition.

"I will make provisions that your two daughters and niece shall be kept at boarding school until they are educated. Then you can receive them at Woodlawn and remain until I am married."

He laughed as he said that, for he believed marriage a bore, and did not intend to indulge in the "yoke and chains."

"You are too good," the widow responded.

"No! I will write a letter of instruction to my steward. He will be ready to receive you at your earliest convenience. Also, that the little income that you have now must remain untouched, and accumulate for the emergency mentioned."

He had made Mrs. Raymond farewell, and he wrote a long letter to his steward.

Seven years passed before Paul Woodford turned his face homeward.

Meanwhile he had received occasional letters from Woodlawn.

The widow informed him that the three girls had graduated and returned "home;" that the steward had paid the quarterly allowance promptly, and that the estate was in a flourishing condition. That was all the news he received—all he cared for.

Late one afternoon in spring, he wended his way leisurely, on foot, from the village depot to Woodlawn, a distance of some three miles. He did not mind the walk, for he had become accustomed to pedestrianism during his long sojourn abroad. He had traveled almost all the Old World over; he had even gone to Australia and into the diggings; but yet he was the same fastidious Paul Woodford as of yore.

He was enjoying the scenery and thinking that, after all, the world held no fairer spot than his own domain, which was now beginning to bloom like a second paradise.

He stopped short before the fountain when he caught the first glimpse of his house, to still more admire the view before him.

Four ladies were on the piazza, and, toying with some worsted work, he recognized one as the widow Raymond; two others were reading the latest novels, while the fourth was industriously sewing.

"I think my stay at Woodlawn will be short," he thought to himself. "I can't stand so many feminine charms every day in my life."

At that instant Mrs. Raymond raised her eyes and observed the stranger.

Paul was so bronzed and travel-stained that she did not recognize him, especially as in his last letter he had spoken of his intended visit to China.

"Fay, go down and order that person off," she said, in tones sharp enough to reach Paul's ears. "He is lounging around here to catch a glimpse of Arabella or Florence."

"Go!" was the commanding retort, and Fay obeyed her.

"I thought she was one of the girls," Paul soliloquized to himself as she advanced slowly; "but she must only be a servant. By jove, what a lovely face."

He doffed his hat and stood before her respectfully, somewhat curious to know how she would give the command.

"I beg your pardon, sir," she commenced without raising her eye, "but Mrs. Raymond objects to having any one loitering around the grounds."

"I am sorry to have incurred her displeasure," he returned. "I was only admiring the scenery and contrasting it with any I had ever seen abroad."

Involuntarily she raised her eyes to his face, and at that moment Mrs. Raymond's sharp voice came floating to them in the one word—"Fay!"

Fay turned as quicly as if struck.

"I beg your pardon, sir; Mrs. Raymond will be angry with me. Please to leave the grounds."

"Not yet," he returned. "Do not hasten; Mrs. Raymond will not object, when she learns who I am."

"Mr. Woodford!" Fay exclaimed unconsciously. "Am I right? Aunt was not looking for you."

"One of the girls, after all!" Paul muttered to himself.

Mrs. Raymond began to sail airily down the steps, when all at once it struck her who the visitor might be, and she hesitated.

At that moment Fay announced him. The young ladies caught the name, and they dropped their books and rushed impulsively down to meet him, crying:

"It is our cousin Paul! It is our cousin Paul!"

He was almost dragged into the house, and the girls hung around him in a paroxysm of pleasure.

"Our cousin Paul!" seemed to have been the one thought of their lives.

He noticed that Fay slipped away—that she had not welcomed him; and he wondered why he could be Mr. Woodford to her, and "cousin Paul" to the other two, when he had treated them all alike.

The days went by, and lengthened into weeks. Paul found much to occupy his time. He went over all his accounts with his steward, and visited every part of the estate. He was bent on improvements, and together they were busy in forming plans and carrying them out.

When he returned into the house he was lionized by the widow and her two daughters. They hung around him, but he scarcely ever met Fay.

When he asked for her, he was told that she was queer, she did not like company; she preferred to be calmly burried in her books.

He thought it strange, but he had no reason to doubt their assertion; yet he could not but contrast what little he had seen of her with the more forward cousins, and his mental conclusion concerning them was, "pretty, but coarse."

"He will never marry unless one o you charm him," Mrs. Raymond said to her daughters, "so we are sure of a home here for a lifetime. He has seen woman of all nations, and I am sure he is heart-free; besides he is thirty-five if he is a day."

One day Paul recived word that an old friend of his was coming into the neighborhood, and a large out-door party was to be held, to which he and his three cousins had a special invitation. Of course Mrs. Raymond was to chaperone the party.

"I don't know what the girls will do for something to wear," said Mrs. Raymond, thoughtfully. "They have attended so many out-door festivals this season, that most of their light clothing is spoiled. Of course, they can't wear silks."

"Certainly not. Do not let that worry you. I am going the city this evening and I will purchase a dress apiece for them—or, rather material to make them."

"How kind of you!" she ejaculated. The next day Paul returned with three lovely organdies—white, with golden leaves.

The girls went into ecstacies.

"I want you all to look your best," he said. "My friend is a single man. Tell Fay to be sure and attend."

The day dawned pleasantly. Paul was talking to the steward about the affair.

"I will want a horse to ride myself," he observed, because the carriage will only hold four."

"That will include yourself, sir," the old man returned.

"Why?"

"Because Miss Fay will not be present."

"Oh, yes she will. I especially asked her company."

The old man smiled.

"I beg your pardon, sir, but Mrs. Raymond never permitted her to visit with her daughters. She has worked so hard on the dresses for the two young ladies that she had no time to touch her own. My wife is housekeeper, you know. She is forbidden to speak to you concerning the orphan; but my tongue is my own—this is a free country, sir!"

"You are right, Mr. Allen. I am glad you mentioned this. Say nothing of it, please."

Paul's eyes were opened. He began to see why they were so sweet on "cousin Paul," and Fay so cold.

"Is not Fay going with us?" he asked, in apparent surprise, when the ladies came out to get into the carriage.

"I could not persuade her to make her dress; she was so much infatuated with a book she was reading. Pray, do not be angry with her, cousin. I have allowed her to choose her own pleasure, and she had no idea that she was doing anything rude, by refusing to go."

Paul made no response, but he knitted his eyebrows.

"He is angry," Mrs. Raymond said to herself. "I need not feel any more alarmed. He will avoid her."

He escorted them to the ground, and after presenting his friend to them, disappeared.

He returned home by a by-path. A little way ahead he espied Fay. He hurried up and sat down beside her.

"Why did you not oblige me by going to the festival?" he asked.

"For two reasons. I was not wanted, and I had nothing fit to wear, Mr. Woodford."

"Indeed!" Why did you not have your dress made, as well as Arabella and Floy?"

"I—I beg your pardon," she said, a flush suffusing her cheek. "I had no right to accept your gift, Mr. Woodford." Mrs. Raymond told me so and added that you were surprised at my indelicacy in remaining here. Believe me, I am truly thankful for your past kindness. I shall try to make good use of the education you have given me—and will go away."

He turned red and white by turns, with suppressed anger.

"I am sorry that Mrs. Raymond has misrepresented me. I have always, when away, thought of you as my cousin—the same as the other girls—and since I have been here I have been hurt to think you persisted in avoiding me."

She raised her eyes to his face—bright, honest eyes, that once seen could not be forgotten.

"I am so glad," she ejaculated, "that you do not think I was intentionally intruding."

A new impulse seized Paul.

"This is only my cousin's home until I marry," he said. "I wish to marry now, if—if you will have me Fay."

What could Fay say? She knew she had loved Paul Woodford from the day she was sent to order him off the grounds, and Paul assured her the love was mutual.

Mrs. Raymond's chagrin was indescribable, when she returned from the fete, to find Paul and Fay together.

"I am going to marry," he said. "Allow me to present you to my future wife."

"My steward has been very careful of your income, in case of this emergency," he said to Mrs. Raymond the next morning. "You have a trifle over ten thousand dollars in the bank, and I will present you with that little villa on the Hudson for your lifetime, and your daughters until they are married, in case they survive you."

She dared not refuse his kindness, but the thought of their leaving and Fay queening it at Woodlawn as the master's wife was like gall.

The girls are still single and pay occasional visits to "our cousin Paul's wife."

A Story of Real Life.

Mrs. Clemmer, in one of her letters to the "Independent," tells this touching story of life at the Capital—a strange contrast to the busy schemings of place-seekers and lobbyists:

I attended, the other Sabbath, the unnoted funeral of a woman, who, lying there alone and almost kinless in death, forced upon my thoughts the keenly-contrasting light and shade of personal fortune in this capitolian city. Her grandfather was a member from Vermont of the first Congress held in Philadelphia. He was a grand gentleman of that day, who went and came, followed and served by his colored body servant. Her grandmother (married at fifteen) was a fine helpless lady, who did not dress or undress herself, and whose husband did not allow her to know what she was to have for her dinner until she was ready to eat it. She lived and died helpless, rich and honored. Her son, the father of the lovely dead woman, was also a member of Congress. He served long and brilliantly for consecutive terms in Washington. His children grew up at the Capital, surrounded by servants, commanding luxury and all the pleasant honors of official position. There was no political gift in the keeping of his native State that their father might not have commanded, had he not been hopelessly overtaken at last with the curse of the love of strong drink. He died poor. When his body was laid away in the Congressional Cemetery, his family came back to find themselves on the populous plateau of "working people." From that hour began the life consecration of a sister to a brother. That brother never rose to his father's or grandfather's position. With many of their gifts, he inherited the weakness of his father. He filled a place of trust amid the clerkships of the Capital; but he filled it and kept it only through the never-ceasing watchfulness and care of the sister who gave her life to him. He was respected and honored for his many personal virtues, but he only kept his official position through the love and care of his sister. Two years ago he died, leaving the ministering angel of his life—past youth, poor, and alone. In time, a place in the Treasury was given to her—a place so poor that it subjected her to the most discordant surroundings, the most uncongenial associates, while the stipend received for her labor was barely sufficient to pay for her food and shelter. This very winter, Senator Morrill, of Vermont, was able to procure her a more congenial position with increased pay. She had scarcely entered upon it, scarcely written to her good friend a note of warm thanks for it, when, alone in the night, in a boarding house on Pennsylvania avenue, the final summons came. She called a woman friend in the next room, and in half an hour was dead. Her coffin was covered and hung clore with the flower crosses and garlands brought by friends who honored her; yet in all the company who gathered in that lonely lodging-house there was not one who really needed her, or one to whom she belonged. Tears were shed, but they were tears of human tenderness, that a woman so loving and unselfish should have died at last unneeded and alone.

Through that gray wintry Sabbath sympathizing men and women went with her as far as they could go—to the dreary Congressional Cemetery—where they laid her beside the brother, with whose final passing the supreme object of her own life went out. Few knew of her dying. Her death and burial were barely noted. She was not a member of Congress; not a woman great upon the earth. She was only a woman, who had given her whole life in love and sacrifice to a man, and that man was her brother. Surely we know not who our angels are. They look into our eyes; they go in and out of our doors; they serve us, they love us, they die for us; and we see them not till we perceive them by spiritual sight, beyond the clasp of hand or the reach of our mortal arms.

A Lost Cow.

As a rule there isn't a better class of people in the world to deal with than the Germans, but occasionally you will find one whose ideas concerning certain business transactions are amusingly peculiar. For instance: A German subscriber to the "Journal" recently called to advertise a lost cow, and according to the long established custom of this well-regulated print-shop, we immediately wrote up the notice and figured up the cost of publication.

"Vat ish dot?" asked our friend, placing the butt end of his whip against our little sum of multiplication.

We informed him that it would cost him so much for advertising his lost cow three weeks.

"You make me pay for dat?"

"Certainly; we always take pay for advertising."

"You takes pay, eh? Vell, dat ish von tam shvindles. I schkribe mit dat "Shournal" papers dese tree years, und now you sharge me yoost for dat leetle advertise uv mine gow."

"But we——"

"You shtop mine "Shournal" papers."

"But you——"

"You shtop mine "Shournal" papers, und I got some more in Daytraw, by shiminy! und you gome little end dat horn oud."

"But see here, my friend ——"

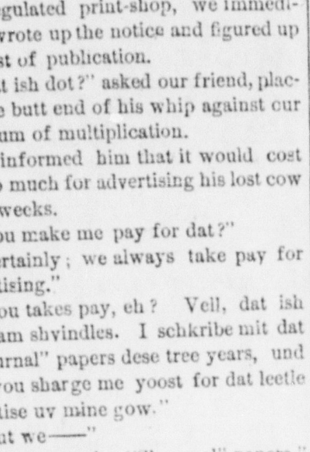
"I go right away und dond got sheated mit you, by krashus! Tink you got some sleep mit a veasel, dond you? Sharge me yoost for advertise von gow. It vos petter of you dond get me mad ven I gome here, und I schkribe mit dat "Shournal" more as tree year, but you makes me mad, and you shtop mine papers before I got him next time. Dat ish vat man I am kind of, by shiminy!"

We tried to explain; we tried in vain; we lost him and a three weeks' advertisement of a "lost gow, by shiminy!"
—Lowell Journal.

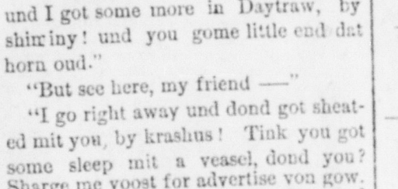
Miscellaneous.

CENTENNIAL. CENTENNIAL.

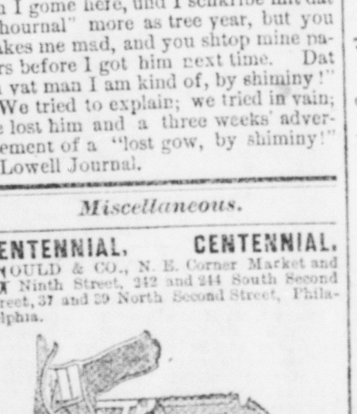
GOULD & CO., N. E. Corner Market and Ninth Street, 242 and 244 South Second Street, 37 and 39 North Second Street, Philadelphia.



THIS Solid Walnut, Centennial, Italian Marble Top Chamber Suit, three pieces, viz: Double Bedstead, Marble Top Bureau, and Marple Top Stand, $47.



THIS Solid Walnut Parlor Suit, covered in Hair-cloth, or any color wool Terry, seven pieces, $75.



THIS Solid, Walnut, Centennial, Dressing Case Chamber Suit, three peices, viz: Double Bedstead, Marble Top Dressing Case, Marble Top Washstand, only $90.

THIS Fine Walnut Parlor Suit, covered in Hair-cloth or wool Terry, any color, seven pieces, $145.

We will ship the above Suits to any address on reciept of price named. No charge for packing. For $8.25, FOUR WALNUT CANE SEAT CHAIRS, ONE WALNUT CANE SEAT ROCKER, and ONE WALNUT TOWEL RACK, will be sent with either Chamber Suit. SOLID BLACK WALNUT WARDROBES, 8 feet high, $22.50. Solid BLACK WALNUT SECRETARY BOOK CASES, 7½ feet high, $23.50. All other kinds of **Chamber** or **Parlor Furniture** equally reduced in price. The choicest patterns of **Carpets** sold at manufacturers' prices. Bedding in every variety. Name the price of any article of Furniture you may need, and we will send photograph. 23-12w

For Sale or To Let.

WAGONS FOR SALE.—The undersigned has on hand some first-class two-horse wagons which they will dispose of for cash.—They intend keeping on hand wagons of the most improved style and finish. Persons wishing a first-class wagon will do well to call and examine their stock before purchasing elsewhere. GEO. RIDER & SON,
6-8-tf Central City, Centre co., Pa.

MORE AGENTS WANTED.
Martial Deeds of Pensylvania.
FIRST EDITION EXHAUSTED.

"Comprehensive, fit and honorable."—N. A. & U. S. *Gazette Phila.* "The Biographies are to be praised for their accuracy."—*The Press Phila.* "Over 1100; no library complete without it."—*Sunday Times Phila.* "Your account of Gettysburg is the finest, fullest, and the very best history of the greatest battle of modern times."—*Col. J. P. Nicholson Phila.* "No soldier should be without it."—*Bvt. Maj. Gen. Mindil Phila.* "A just tribute to distinguished services."—*A. G. Curtin.* "The finest book I have yet seen."—*Col. J. E. Parsons, Harrisburg.* "Your Gettsburg is the justest yet presented."—*Gen. J. W. de Peyster, N. Y.* Address T. H. DAVIS & CO., Publishers, 723 Sansom St., Phila. 23-4w

For Sale at this Office.

BLANK

ARTICLE OF AGREEMENT
ARTICLE OF AGREEMENT

NEW SCHOOL BOARD & TEACHER

constantly on hand at this office and for sale at 5 cts apiece, or 50 cts per dozen.

WE KEEP ON HAND
all kinds of
NOTES AND LEGAL BLANKS
NOTES AND LEGAL BLANKS
NOTES AND LEGAL BLANKS
NOTES AND LEGAL BLANKS
which we sell in any quantity desired. Call at this office.

FOR SALE.
A GOOD SECOND HAND
FLORENCE
SEWING MACHINE,
VERY CHEAP.
Enquire at this office.

COLLECTOR'S SALE
BLANKS.
75 cts per hundred 12 cts per dozen.
☞ Sent post paid to any address on receipt of price.

LOOK! LOOK!
We have a limited stock of
BILL HEADS
which we will print and sell for
$3 PER THOUSAND,
$2 PER FIVE HUNDRED.
Order now. We have only a limited stock at the above price and shall not probably have any more. Send for sample.
REPUBLICAN OFFICE.

Medicines.

THE PEOPLE'S DRUG STORE.

Next door to Wilson's, & Hicks' Hardware store, Allegheny St.,
BELLEFONTE, PA.,

James C. Williams,

(Successors to Linn & Wilson.)
DEALERS IN
PURE DRUGS AND MEDICINES,
CHEMICALS, PAINTS, OILS, DYE STUFFS, VARNISHES, BRUSHES, PERFUMERY, NOTIONS, FANCY ARTICLES FOR THE TOILET, &c.

PURE WINE AND LIQUORS
for medicinal purposes
SHOULDER BRACES,
TRUSSES & SUPPORTERS in great variety.
Also, Choice
CIGARS AND TOBACCO,
and all other articles usually kept in a first class Drug Store.
PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.
JAMES C. WILLIAMS.

BLATCHLEY'S
Improved CUCUMBER WOOD PUMP is the acknowledged STANDARD of the market, by popular verdict, the best pump for the least money. Attention is invited to Blatchley's Improved Bracket, the Drop Check Valve, which can be withdrawn without disturbing the joints, and the copper chamber which never cracks, scales or rusts and will last a life time. For sale by Dealers and the trade generally. In order to be sure that you get Blatchley's Pump, be careful and see that it has my trade mark as above. If you do not know where to buy, descriptive circulars, together with the name and address of the agent nearest you, will be promptly furnished by addressing, with stamp,
CHAS. G. BLATCHLEY, Manufacturer,
506 Commerce St., Philadelphia Pa.
Vol. 7 No. 9-9m.

A FORTUNE IN IT. Every family buys it. Sold by Agents. Address, G. S. WALKER, Erie, Pa. 21-4w

$20 DAILY TO AGENTS, 85 new articles and the best Family Paper in America, with two $5.00 Chromos, free. AM. M'F'G. CO., 300 Baoadway, New York. 21-4w

CLOTHING & DRY GOODS.

Mammoth Clothing Store!

CLOTHING! CLOTHING! CLOTHING

ISAAC GUGGENHEIMER,

Having in addition to his extensive Dry Goods Store, taken the room formerly occupied by Abram Sussman, fitted it up and filled it completely with THE LARGEST STOCK OF CLOTHING ever opened in Bellefonte, is now prepared to accommodate everybody, and to

Guarantee Bargains,

in the line of clothing — such as have never been offered in this section of the State. He has now in his store,

MEN'S SUITS—varying in price from	$6 to $40 00
BOY'S SUITS " " "	$4 to $18 00
OVER COATS—every grade	At cost
DRESS COATS—varying in price from	$6 to $15 00
PANTS " " "	$1 50 to $8 00
VESTS " " "	50 cts to $6 00

and every description of GENTLEMEN'S EURNISHING GOODS.

TWO ROOMS FULL OF GOODS.

Connected with his clothing store in the adjoining room he will continue the
Dress Goods Department,
in which every conceivable description of Dress and Dry Goods, from the
FINEST SILKS TO THE CHEAPEST CALICOS,
as well as
NOTIONS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, &c., &c.
to-gether with a
FULL LINE OF CARPETS
of any grade, will be kept constantly on hand. His prices will be made to suit

THE TIMES

and he will guarantee the fullest satisfaction to every customer.
☞ Polite and accommodating clerks will take pleasure in showing you the goods.
vol7no7-1y Nos. 1 & 2, BUSH'S ARCADE

S. A. BREW & SON, GROCERIES, &c.

S. A. BREW & SON,
SUCCESSOR TO FRYBERGER & MORAN,
GROCERS.
Next Door to the Post Office,
BELLEFONTE, PENN'A.

WE will take all kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE in exchange for goods in our line.

WE have a nice lot of ELEGANT LAKE HERRING,—will sell them at cost to close out.

WE are making a specialty of the following goods from now, Sept. 1st, to Dec. 1st, 1874.

Breakfast Bacon,
Dried Meats,
Sugar Cured Shoulders,
Sugar Cured Ham,
Salt in Sacks and Barrels,
Floor Oil Cloth,
And Crockery Ware.

COME AND SEE OUR STORE.
S. A. BREW & SON.
4-tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

REMOVAL!

THE REPUBLICAN OFFICE has been removed from the Bush House Block to the opposite side of the street, to the second and third floors of the building known as Haupt's Building, just opposite the railroad depot.

WE have now the best and most commodious office in the city.

WE have better facilities for doing kinds of Job Work than ever before.

PRINTING in Colors a specialty.

FAST Presses and experienced workmen.

SUBSCRIBE for the **Bellefonte Republican**, a live Republican journal. 7sep

THE only paper in which a reliable report of the markets can be found.

THE only paper that reports the Court Proceedings, taken on the spot by a stenographic reporter.

THE only Republican paper in Centre County.

THE largest circulation of any paper in the county. This is no idle boast—we are able to prove it.

TERMS to subscribers in the county, $2.00 in advance; outside of the county, $2.15. No notice will be taken of orders for the paper from persons residing outside of the county unless the money accompanies the order.
EDWARD T. TUTEN,
Proprietor.

FOR RENT!

THE room lately occupied by us in the
BUSH HOUSE BLOCK,
IS
FOR RENT
AT
REASONABLE RATES.
Apply at this office.
EDWARD T. TUTEN.

Coal, Lime, &c.

Coal! Coal! Coal!

HAVING erected new Coal Sheds and new Scales, (Fairbanks') we are prepared to furnish the
Very Best Quality
OF
Wilkesbarre and Shamokin Coal!
to all who may want the same, at the
MOST REASONABLE PRICES
Our Coal is of the very
BEST IN THE MARKET
and will be delivered at the residence of all parties in Bellefonte, as low as the same quality of coal can be had elsewhere.
OFFICE IN McCAFFERTY'S BUILDING,
(opposite the depot)
J. R. & C. T. ALEXANDER.

WM. SHORTLIDGE. BOND VALENTINE
Shortlidge & Co.,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
COAL UNDER ROOF,
FROM THE
WILKESBARRE BALTIMORE COAL CO'S MINES,
prepared expressly for family use.
BEST COAL IN THE MARKET!
Also, SHAMOKIN ANTHRACITE COAL.
LIME!
WOOD or COAL BURNT,
challenges competition as to quality.
Agents for the sale of
DUPONT'S POWDER
RIFLE, SPORTING and BLASTING POWDER constantly on hand, which is sold in large or small quantities.
FUSE—BEST COTTON, HEMP AND TAPE FUSE for BLASTING,
FIRE BRICK AND GROUND FIRE CLAY,
all of which are being sold at the very LOWEST PRICES.
CONSUMERS OF AND DEALERS IN THE ABOVE ARTICLES ARE SOLICITED TO GIVE US A CALL!
Office and Yard near South End of Bald Eagle Valley Railroad Depot.
v5n34-1y

Hardware.

HARDWARE
NO. 5 BROCKERHOFF ROW
J & J. HARRIS,
SELL AT THE LOWEST PRICE
All sorts of
Forks,
Chains,
Shovels,
Axes,
Grindstones,
Coal Oil Lamps,
Paints,
Oils,
Varnishes,
&c.
We hope by
STRICT ATTENTION TO BUSINESS
merit and receive a share of public patronage.
BUILDERS AND OTHERS
will find it to their advantage to call and examine our stock.
J. & J. HARRIS,
v5 No. 5 Brockerhoff Row.

P. B. WILSON. T. A. HICKS. B. K. HICKS
WILSON & HICKS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL HARDWARE DEALERS.
Iron Paints, Oils, Glas,s &c.
Builder's Hardware.
Coach Maker's Goods.
Cabinet Maker's Stock.
Stoves of All Kinds.
Children's Buggies,
Waggons, Carts, &c.
WILSON & HICKS.
NOTICE—We will sell to responsible men on three months credit. Will take off 5 per cent for cash, which is equal to 20 per cent. per annum. It will pay the purchaser to borrow at 10 from other parties, if he can save 20 in buying from us. In this way we can turn our money and sell lower.

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD—PHILADELPHIA & ERIE R. R. DIVISION, connection with BALD EAGLE VALLEY R.R

SUMMER TIME TABLE.

On and after SUNDAY, MAY 23, 1875 the Trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Rail Road Division will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

FAST LINE leaves New York			9 25 a. m
" " Philadelphia			12, 55 p. m
" " Baltimore			1. 20 p. m
" " Harrisb'g			5.00 p. m
" " arr. at Williamsp't			5, 55 p. m
" " Lock Haven			10.20 p. m
" " " Bellefonte			11.50 p. m
ERIE MAIL leaves New York			8.25 p. m
" " Philadelphia			11.55 p. m
" " Baltimore			11.55 p. m
" " Harrisburg			4.25 a. m
" " Williamsport			8.35 a. m
" " Lock Haven			9.45 a. m
" " Renovo			11.05 a. m
" " arr. at Erie			7.50 p. m
NIAGARA EXPRESS leaves Philada			7.40 a. m
" " " Baltimore			7.35 a. m
" " " Harrisb'g			10.55 a. m
" " arr. at Williamsp't			1.55 p. m
" " " Lock Haven			3.15 p. m
" " " Renovo			4.30 p. m
" " " Bellefonte			4.38 p. m
ELMIRA MAIL leaves Philadelphia			8.00 a. m
" " " Baltimore			8.20 a. m
" " " Harrisburg			1.25 p. m
" " arr. at Williamsport			6.10 p. m
" " " Lock Haven			7.50 p. m

EASTWARD.

PHILA. EXPRESS leaves Lock Haven			6.40 a m
" " " Williamsp't			7.55 a. m
" " arr. at Harrisb'g			11.45 a. m
" " " Baltimore			6,15 p. m
" " " Philadelphia			3.35 p. m
" " " New York			6.45 p. m
DAY EXPRESS leaves Bellefonte			8.10 a. m
" " " Renovo			9.10 a. m
" " " Lock Haven			10.25 a m
" " " Williamsport			11.35 a m
" " arr at Harrisburg			3.00 p m
" " " Philadelphia			6.20 p m
" " " New York			9.15 p. m
" " " Baltimore			6.35 p. m
ERIE MAIL leaves Erie			11.20 a. m
" " "Bellefonte			8.22 p. m
" " Renovo			8.25 p. m
" " Lock Haven			9.45 p. m
" " Williamsp't			10.50 p. m
" " arr. at Harrisburg			2.25 a. m
" " Baltimore			7.35 a. m
" " Phila			6.45 a. m
" " New York			10.10 a. m
FAST LINE leaves Williamsport			12.35 a m
" " arr at Harrisburg			3.55 a m
" " Baltimore			7.35 a m
" " " Philadelphia			7.35 a m
" " " New York			10.25 a m

* The Bald Eagle Valley Express leaves Bellefonte at 8.22 p. m. and connects with Erie Mail at Lock Haven at 9.45 p. m.

Erie Mail west, Niagara Express west, Elmira west Mail and Day Express east make close connection at Northumberland with L. & B. R. R. trains for Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

Erie Mail west, Niagara Express west and Elmira Mail west make close connection at Williamsport with N. C. R. W. trains north.

Erie Mail east and west, Niagara Express west, Fast Line west and Day Express east make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R. R. trains.

Erie Mail east and west connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R. R. at Corry with O. C. & A. V. R. R., at Emporium with B. N. Y. & P. R. R., and at Driftwood with A. V. R. R.

Parlor Cars will run between Philadelphia and Williamsport on Niagara Express west, Fast Line west, Philadelphia Express east and Day Express east. Sleeping Cars on all night trains.
WM. A. BALDWIN,
Gen'l Sup.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY DIVISION.

STATIONS.	Mail. M.S.R.	A.M.	Exs. P.M.
Leave Tyrone		8 50	6 45
East Tyrone	1	8 37	6 52
Bald Eagle	5	8 46	7 01
Hannah	10	8 58	7 15
Port Matilda	14	9 05	7 22
Martha	17	9 13	7 35
Julian	21	9 22	7 44
Unionville	26	9 33	7 56
Snow Shoe Intersection	29	9 41	8 05
Milesburg	31	9 45	8 10
Arrive Bellefonte	33	9 54	8 19
Leave Bellefonte	53	9 57	8 22
Milesburg	51	10 10	8 35
Curtin	34	10 22	8 45
Mount Eagle	37	10 29	8 52
Howard	40	10 38	9 02
Eagleville	44	10 52	9 13
Beech Creek	46	10 57	9 18
Mill Hall	51	11 12	9 32
Flemington	52	11 17	9 37
Arrive Lock Haven	55	11 22	9 42

RETURN.

Leave Lock Haven	0	9 55	5 15
Flemington	3	10 00	3 21
Mill Hall	4	10 04	3 25
Beech Creek	9	10 19	3 40
Eagleville	11	10 24	3 45
Howard	15	10 38	4 00
Mount Eagle	18	10 47	4 09
Curtin	21	10 54	4 16
Milesburg	24	11 05	4 25
Arrive Bellefonte	26	11 18	4 38
Leave Bellefonte	26	11 21	4 41
Milesburg	24	11 30	4 50
Snow Shoe Intersection	26	11 34	4 54
Unionville	29	11 45	5 04
Julian	34	11 57	5 15
Martha	38	12 08	5 26
Port Matilda	41	12 18	5 35
Hannah	45	12 28	5 44
Bald Eagle	50	12 43	5 58
Vail	52	12 48	6 03
East Tyrone	54	12 53	6 08
Arrive Tyrone	55	1 00	6 15

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R. R.

Leave Bellefonte	8 10 A.M.	2 25 P.M.
Arrive at Snow Shoe	10 40	5 55
Leave Snow Shoe	9 10	2 25
Arrive at Bellefonte	12 10 P.M.	5 10

The 9 10 from Snow Shoe intersects with the Bald Eagle Express, going west, at Snow Shoe Intesection.

The train leaving Snow Shoe at 2.25 intersects with the Bald Eagle mail west at Milesburg.
DANIEL RHOADS, Supt.

LEWISTOWN DIVISION.

MIFFLIN & CENTRE—EASTWARD.

	Accom. No. 1.	Accom. No. 2.	Accom. No. 3.
LEWISTOWN Ju.	6 50 a m	12 01 p m	5 10 p m
LEWISTOWN	7 10	12 07	4 16
Logan	7 25	12 16	4 24
Yeagertown F	7 33	12 21	4 28
Mann's F	7 44	12 28	4 35
Reedsville	7 52	12 33	4 39
Honey Creek F	8 10	12 44	4 49
Naginy F	8 20	12 50	4 55
MILROY, Arrive	8 30 a m	12 55 p m	5 00 p m

Returning leave Milroy at 8 30 a. m., 1 20 p. and 5 15 p.m; Reedsville at 9 11 a. m., 2 00 and 5 56 p. m., arriving at Lewistown at 9 40 a. m., 2 35 and 6 05 p. m.

The Mifflin and Centre and Sunbury and Lewistown connect at Lewistown with way passenger and fast lines west, and mail and Cincinnati express east; and at Sunbury with trains on Northern Central, Phila. & Erie, and Hazleton.
P. F. SMITH, Supt.

ISAIAH BLOOM has applied to the Secretary of Internal Affairs for one hundred acres of land situated in Boggs twp., in the County of the Centre, bounded on the East by land in warrantee name of William Russel, on the South by John Scott, on the West by Frank McCoy and on the North by Michael Weiss.
23-3t*

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser, having been permanently cured of that dread disease, Consumption, by a simple remedy, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used, (free of charge,) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure Cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c. Parties wishing the prescription will please address,

Rev. E. A. WILSON,
40-6m 194 Penn St., Williamsburgh, N. York

$5 to $20 per day. Agents wanted. All classes of working people of both sexes, young and old, make more money at work for us, in their own localities, during their spare moments, or all the time than at any thing else. We offer employment that will pay handsomely for every hour's work. Full particulars, terms, &c., sent free. Send us your address at once. Don't delay. Now is the time. Don't look for work or business elsewhere until you have learned what we offer. G Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine. 7-4-1y

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

EDWARD T. TUTEN, EDITOR.

Terms: $2.00 Per Annum in Advance.

OUR TERMS
FOR SUBSCRIPTION AND ADVERTISING.

The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is published every WEDNESDAY MORNING, in Bellefonte Pa. by

EDWARD T. TUTEN,

at the following rates.

One year in advance.....$2.00
If not paid within 6 months.....2.50
If not paid for until expiration of year..3.00

Papers discontinued to subscribers at the expiration of their terms of subscription, at the option of the publishers, unless otherwise agreed upon.

Papers will not be sent out of Centre county *unless paid for in advance.*

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cts. per line for each insertion, unless otherwise agreed upon, by the month, quarter or year.

Editorial Notices in our local columns, 25 cts. per line for each insertion

Marriage or Death announcements published free of charge. Obituary notices published free, subject to revision and condensation by the Editors.

Professional or Bussiness Cards, not exceeding lines this type, $8.00 per annum.

All Advertisements for a less term than three months, 20 cents per line for the first three insertions, and 5 cts. a line for each additional insertion.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3 mos.	6 mos	1 year.
inch (12 lin'this type)	$ 5 00	$ 8 00	$12 00
Two inches	7 00	10 00	15 00
Three inches	10 00	15 00	20 00
Four inches	11 00	17 00	25 00
Quarter column	12 00	20 00	30 00
Half column	20 00	35 00	55 00
One column	35 00	55 00	125 00

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

A. Advertisements due after the first insertion.

Job Work of every variety, such as Posters, Bill-heads, Letter-heads, Cards, Checks, Envelopes Paper-books, Programmes, Blanks, &c., &c., executed in the best style with promptness, and at the most reasonable rates.

Address all communications, relating to business, to EDWARD T. TUTEN, Proprietor.
Bellefonte, Pa

READ! READ!! READ !!

We have made arrangements with the following publishers so that we can furnish their publications with the REPUBLICAN at reduced rates, thus affording those who desire such books and papers, an opportunity to save from twenty to thirty per cent.

There is no postage to be paid by the subscriber, but no paper will be sent until the money is received at this office:

	Regular Price	Price with Republican
MONTHLY.		
Harper's Magazine	$4.00	$3.25
Scribner's Monthly	4.00	3.25
St. Nicholas	3.00	4.50
Peter's Musical Monthly	3.00	4.00
La Creme de la Creme	4.00	3.60
Locke's National Monthly	1.00	2.80
American Farm Journal	1.00	2.60
Peterson's Journal	3.00	4.50
The Republic	2.00	3.60
Penn Monthly	3.00	3.75
Woods' Household Magazine	1.00	2.75
WEEKLY.		
Harper's Weekly	4.00	3.25
Harper's Bazar	4.00	3.25
Forney's Press	2.00	3.60
Toledo Weekly Blade	2.00	3.50
Scientific American	3.20	4.75
American Agriculturist	1.60	3.20
Cincinnati Weekly Times	2.50	3.65.

☞We can furnish any weekly or monthly, publication in the United States at less than publisher's prices.

MAGNIFICENT OFFER!

Sewing Machines Given Away.—Subscribe for The Bellefonte Republican, the Liveliest and Best Paper in Centre Co. A Sixty Dollar Machine of the Best Make in the World for 30 Names.

A very liberal contract, which we have just completed with the Weed Sewing Machine Company, will enable us, we hope, to place their celebrated machines in many families throughout the country. So fine an opportunity to secure a first-class sewing machine seldom occurs. May we not expect the friends of this paper to make an earnest, united effort to extend greatly its circulation, and thus help to increase its influence? *We will liberally reward those who work for us.* Reader, can you not form a club in your neighborhood and secure this sewing machine premium? *A few hours of well-directed effort will obtain it.* Postmasters in the smaller towns and villages can, with a little thought and effort, easily send us the requisite number of names. Has the parsonage a sewing machine? If not, call upon a few ladies and gentlemen of the congregation. Tell them your plan and ask them to help you. In the congregation 30 names can, with little difficulty, be secured. Send us the $60 and we will forward for one year this paper to each of the 30 subscribers, which will pay them the *full value* of their subscriptions, *and in addition, we will make a present, to any person you may designate, of a beautiful sixty dollar Sewing Machine.* How easily a club may be formed in the Masonic or Odd Fellows or Temperance Society, or in the Grange? Is there not depending upon your society some poor widow to whom a sewing machine would be for years to come a blessing? Pass the subscription paper. Thirty persons subscribing for this journal at $2.00 each, will secure for themselves, without any extra charge, the paper for one year, and a most valuable present for some needy family. TRY IT, FRIENDS. DON'T WAIT! BEGIN THE WORK AT ONCE! Send us word that you have undertaken the formation of such a club.

Remember, the machines are warranted to be *perfectly new, latest improved, and in perfect order.*

ADDRESS OF THE STATE COMMITTEE.

To the Republicans of Pennsylvania:

The political campaign upon which we are entering is one of more than ordinary importance, and we therefore invoke your hearty co-operation in our efforts to press the claims of the Republican party to public confidence and support.

The success of that party is essential, in our judgement, to the prosperity of the State, to the perpetuity of the Union, and to the permanence of the principles upon which the Government is founded.

The control of the administration of State affairs fell into Republican hands in 1861, and we point with pride to the record of that control. The State debt has been reduced from forty millions to twenty-three millions of dollars; the State taxes upon real estate and upon the personal property employed in agricultural pursuits have been repealed; the resources of the State have been developed; the admirable school system which distinguishes our Commonwealth, has been fostered and strengthened; the orphans of her brave soldiers who fell in the war have been fed, clothed, educated and fitted for active life; and the varied interests of the people have been protected and encouraged.

Under no previous administration has the State been so uniformly prosperous and well cared for; and the slight experience which people had last winter of one branch of the Legislature under Democratic control may well lead them to the conviction that they have everything to lose and nothing to gain by a change in the administration of public affairs.

The candidates for State offices presented by the Republican party are in every way worthy of public confidence and of a hearty support. Governor Hartranft, during his six years' service as Auditor General, earned a very high character as a public officer, and his administration of the Executive Department has won the respect and commendation of all, without distinction of party. Unflinching integrity, unbending honesty, and a faithful attention to the duties of his office, have characterized his administration throughout, and certainly no Governor ever more richly deserves a re-election.

Our candidate for State Treasurer is a new man to public life, but one in whom is combined all the qualifications of a good public officer. His capacity for the place is admitted by all, and his well-known character for integrity and business ability is also conceded by his political opponents.

Having, therefore, a State ticket strong in all the elements that commend candidates to public favor, a platform of principles which has challenged the admiration of Republicans throughout the country, and a record of State administration to which we can all look back with a pardonable pride, we are justified as a party, in claiming that we have faithfully met our responsibilities and that we are entitled to a continuance of public confidence.

Parties are worthy of support only so long as they advance wise and patriotic principles and promote the honest and efficient administration of public affairs; and as the Republican party is entitled to the credit of both it justly lays claims to a verdict of popular approval.

There are many matters of detail in which the Republican party differs from the Democratic; but there is one radical difference which, so long as it exists, will render the existence of the Republican party a public necessity. That difference consists in the fact that the Republican party believes that the United States form a nation with all the functions of a National Sovereignty, while the Democratic party regards the Federal Government as a mere league between the States, which are each, in its view, sovereign and indepentent. The Republicans believe in the indissolubility of the Union of the States, whilst the Democratic party believes that the Federal Government has no power to protect its own existence or prevent any State from asserting its independence.

This is a difference which involves the very life of the Government. When the rebellion broke out in 1861, while James Buchanan was still in office as President, he shrank appalled from the duty of preserving the Union intact, and yeilded to the advice of his Attorney General that there was no power in the General Government to coerce a State. Had the Rebellion occurred at the beginning, instead of at the close of his administration, it would have been at once successful. Under the Democratic idea of State rights, Mr. Buchanan would have been compelled to let the Southern States go.

With the prominence at present given by the Democratic party to its one distinguishing doctrine of State Sovereignty, as opposed to that of National Sovereignty, the advent of that party to power in the nation would naturally bring with it the danger of a second assertion of the right of States to secede from the Union. Our previous experience of the inability of the Democratic party in power to attempt the coercion of a rebellious State should certainly be sufficient to teach the people the danger of entrusting the Government to hands too weak or too unwilling to protect it.

Should it ever become necessary, hereafter, to assert the power of the General Government to promote the public welfare, in any matter of general concern, as, for instance, in preventing local restrictions upon the transportation of persons or produce, or in removing natural obstructions thereto, the Democratic doctrine, faithfully adhered to, would prevent that party from legislating upon it, Congressionally. The National Government cannot, in fact, be carried on successfully, nor can the necessities of a people, with interests so great and so grand as those of the American people, be properly met and provided for by any party holding strictly to the idea that Government is but a federal league, of separate and independent State sovereignties.

The Republican party of the State and the nation stand now, as ever, by the rights of labor as entitled to the protection of the Government; by universal freedom and universal suffrage, sustained by universal education; by the public school system, with the taxation of all for its support, and opposed to any division of the school fund for any purpose whatever; by the common law of the nation which interdicts a third election to the Presidency; by a tariff so adjusted as to be the least burdensome and most favorable to the interests of labor and industry; by the financial legislation which secures free banking upon a sound basis and provides for a safe and uniform currency, sufficient for the public wants; by such a revision of the patent laws as will relieve industry from oppression and secure to the inventor a fair remuneration; by a faithful execution of the laws, the suppression of lawlessness, and the enforcement of the Constitution as it stands; and by that general policy which will preserve the Union intact, whether assailed from within or without.

We are now entering upon the closing year of the first century of American Independence; and it behooves the Republicans of Pennsylvania, who believe heartily not only in the words but in the spirit of the Declaration of Independence, to show their faith by their works, and rally firmly and unitedly to the support of their principles. We counsel them, in view of the interests which are at stake, to forget all their past differences; to organize actively and efficiently; to present none but good and true men for local officers; and standing firmly by what they believe and know to be right, demonstrate their claim to public confidence. The second century of our national existence should begin as the first one did by a supreme devotion to Republican principles, to which only a Republican administration, in State or nation, can be or will be faithful.

The experience of the past furnishes abundant evidence that the best interests of the people demand the continuance of the enlightened and liberal course of the Republican party in its well-defined and clearly announced purpose to foster the agricultural interests of the country; in its policy which has led to a reduction of seventeen millions of the State debt and six hundred millions of the national debt; in its judicious system of internal improvements having for their objects the enlargement of facilities and reductions in the cost of transportation for our inter-State commerce; in its firm adherence to an indissoluble Union and to the unity and sovereignty of the nation; in its honest and faithful administration of the laws; and in its stern devotion to the principles of truth and progress. Firm in that conviction we confidently present our platform and candidates for public support, thoroughly assured that in their success will be found the true and only road to national unity, national progress and national prosperity.

By order of the Committee.

HENRY H. HOYT, Chairman.
A. WILSON NORRIS, Secretary.

Army Inspection.

The following explains itself:

HEADQUARTERS 5TH DIVISION NATIONAL GUARDS OF PENN'A.
BELLEFONTE, Pa., July 30, '75.

General Order No. 5.

I. In accordance with the directions of General Order No. 4, Adjutant General's office, Harrisburg, Pa., dated July 17, 1875, the annual fall inspections of the Division will be held as follows:

a. The Twelfth regiment at Lock Haven on Thursday, the 2nd day of September next, at 10 o'clock a. m. The regimental commander is charged with the duty of selecting suitable grounds for the inspection and review. He will also see that all companies are provided with cooked rations and blankets.

b. The Fifth regiment and independent companies at Huntingdon, on Thursday, the 9th day of September next, at 10 o'clock a. m. Maj. John R. Gorden, Division Quartermaster, is charged with the duty of selecting suitable grounds for the inspection and review. Regimental and company commanders will see that their commands are provided with cooked rations and blankets.

II. Transportation will be furnished as usual upon requisition of company commanders, and in order to avoid confusion and hurry, regimental and independent company commanders will forward at once to Maj. John R. Jorden, Division Quartermaster, the number of men for whom transportation will be required, the points from, and the routes by which they will travel, and all other information necessary to enable him to arrange the details of transportation and make out requisitions therefor.

III. The experiences of the last annual inspection will doubtless serve as an incentive to all who participated in it. Regimental and independent company commanders will be careful to see that the rolls of their several companies are carefully made out in advance of the inspection. Each company *must* have forty men present at inspection. It is hoped that the scenes of last year will not be reenacted, and that no company will fall of its appropriation by reason of inattention to express orders and the details of discipline. The inspection will be much more rigid than last year, and the timely notice of it leaves no excuse for failure in anything.

By order of

MAJ. GEN. JAMES A. BEAVER.
D. S. KELLER,
Asst. Adjt. Genl.

PREPARING FOR THE CENTENNIAL.—Among all live things done by Philadelphia towards rendering the Centennial a success is the enlargement of the St. Cloud Hotel on Arch Street, above Seventh. This popular house has always been a favorite with visitors from this part of the state, and we may say with sensible people generally, that the recent addition of some thirty rooms, all beautifully furnished, together with a fine new ladies' parlor on the first floor, will make the St. Cloud more attractive than ever. It has a first-class elevator, and the table and accommodations throughout are not surpassed anywhere, while the charges are but three dollars per day. The positions of room clerk and cashier, are respectfully and admirably filled by Mr. Harry Dennison and Mr. J. T. Shiles.

——Monday was a cold damp day and people traveled around in overcoats, or sat beside hot stoves.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

July 24, 1875.

MR. EDITOR.—It was my pleasure a few days since to attend the closing exercises of the Milesburg Institute. This school has been under the care of Mr. James Ryman, a former student, as I learn, of your Academy.

The first impression we received was that of thorough discipline and of unusual order. A happy disposition to obey and to oblige characterized all.

The classes we heard were in English grammer, higher algebra, and arithmetic, and rhetoric, and *in toto* the satisfaction rendered was complete. Thoroughness of work is one of Mr. Ryman's first aims and his most noticeable success. We could not but plainly see what superiority of culture and of development the study of the classes gives those who honestly pursue it over the great hosts of our teachers who care for none of those things.

We are glad to learn that the Milesburg School Board have secured the services of Mr. R. for the ensuing year. Twere well if they could always retain him and all their good teachers. But, this may not be, for, alas! public school teaching is only a stepping stone to higher plans. Years perhaps may make it a profession.

Whilst writing compliments for the Milesburg Directors in their selection of teachers we would like to offer a few suggestions concering the books they use.

Prominent among their bad books is Clarke's Grammer, a work full of objections, and for the use of which there is no excuse in a day, when, as in ours, good grammers abound—Hart's or Kerts' for example.

A general overhauling of the books used by this school would, it seems to us, do the children more justice, even though it should wake up a grumbling tax-payer here or there. Directors, if you notice this, your schools will gain full one hundred per cent. (He who writes is not a book agent.)

It was a good sign and cheering to see a number of the parents and friends of the school present.

Rev. Mr. Hughes, under whom, I am told, Mr. Ryman was prepared for college. Revs. Wright and Else, and a Mr. Duncan, all took part in the examinations, and, we thought, sifted the young folks very fairly and thoroughly. They—the boys and girls—stood it well, and were it not for the imitation by our teachers of the Methodist itinerant, good men and women might yet come out of Milesburg.

The last few hours of the day were devoted to literary exercises, after which there was a general hand-shaking, heartfelt good-byes, was again on his way was

Your friend
ISAAC WALTON.

PLEASANT GAP, July 31, 1874.

MR. EDITOR:—I am glad to have the opportunity of thanking you for the exposure in your last paper of how our taxes are squandered by a majority of the gentlemen who compose our county commissioners. It has been a subject of inquiry among the tax-payers of Centre county for many years, as to why the patronage of the Commissioners' office should be bestowed on one printing office instead of giving each its equitable share. This exposure now becomes the more interesting for the reason, that P. Gray Meek is asking the good people of Centre county to make him their choice for State Senator, and he is now traversing the county over, behind his own gay steeds, to own which, would "bust" any other printing establishment in the central part of our State, unless backed by the tax-payers through their commissioners. He drives up to Gotlieb's with all the pomp of a Tammany Tweed, minus the diamond pin. He has so very recently advocated the cause of the temperance candidates, that it is a matter of some interest to know why he makes so many visits to Gotlieb's. Can it be that Gotlieb furnishes the panacea for sore eyes? Will the *Watchman* explain?

——The following communication to a prominent banker in this place is too valuable to be lost,

MILESBURG, GOD'S HEAD Q'RS,
Aug. 2, 1875.

TO THE RIGHTEOUS GENTLEMEN OF BELLEFONTE.

How long shall the servants of the Devil blind the eyes of righteous? The grandest edifice in the World is commenced. Two wise men from the East sent Aaron Partridge, the builder, ten thousand dollars. I am informed that Gov. Curtin is with us; God bless him, we are both from the same holy sod; God has revealed to Aaron the perpetual motion and he will attach it to Miller Hall and keep him wandering the streets of Milesburg till he dies or leaves the Democratic party. I desire to do all I can for the righteous while I am in the world, so that we may rejoice together. I must preach one sermon at Milesburg, one at the Fair ground, and the other in the Methodist church. I wanted the Bellefonte band, but have no report, and you will please get the colored band. There are many things in the sermon which will make the Baptists leave the town. Ye will observe I have discharged the orderly, he being a visitor. I am surrounded by traitors, murderers and thieves, men and women. I am obliged to fight the Devil with all his great army. Doctor Hays, their leader, will convey this letter to you, thinking it will destroy me. Would some kind friend do me a great favor and send me a little wine to strengthen my shattered body, for I will never give up till the great work is completed. I now have three thousand millions of dollars to go on with the work. No Jews will be allowed to come to Milesburg this summer, or until the work is completed.

Yours Respectfully,
GEN'L AARON PARTRIGE,
Com and Chief of the Temple.
Send the wine soon, I am very weak

——Two boys, Laughlin and Kelley, who are notorious characters of Bellefonte, were on their usual spree on Monday night last. It is the practice of these culprits to make night hideous wherever they may be, and their conduct was such on Monday night that they attracted the attention of one of the valiant police officers, Mr. Morrison, who made an attempt to arrest them, but one of the boys threatcd to shoot, when the officer let them go and made a hasty retreat.

AUGUST FLOWER.—The most miserable beings in the world are those suffering from Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint. More than seventy-five per cent. of the people in the United States are afflicted with these two diseases and their effects such as Sour Stomach, Sick Headache, Habitual Costiveness, Palpitation of the Heart, Heart-burn, Water-brash, gnawing and burning pains at the pit of the Stomach, Yellow Skin, Coated Tongue, disagreeable taste in the mouth, coming up of food after eating, low spirits, &c., Go to the Drug Store of F. P. Green and J. Zeller & Son and get a 75-cent, bottle, or a Sample Bottle for 10 cents. Try it. Two doses will relieve you.

v7-n30 1y-eow

MARRIED

On the evening of the 19th inst., at his residence in Milesburg, by Rev. J. Zeigler, Franklin Marks to Miss Sarah Taylor, both of Centre Co., Pa.

DIED.

On Saturday, July 24, 1875, at the residence of Mr. Thomas Dale, Miss M. Dale, aged about 42 years. Deceased had been in delicate health for many years. A severe attack of scarlet fever when she was but eleven years old, left her an invalid during the remainder of her life. A lingering consumption followed, but her sufferings ended in welcome death on Saturday.

On the 14, near Hublersburg, Pa., of heart disease, Elizabeth Bartholomew, widow of Wendell Bartholomew, dec'd. Ag'd 73 yrs. 8 months and 26 days.

On Saturday last, the 24th inst., of consumption, Miss Mary Dale, of Dale's Mills, this Co. aged about 41 years.

At the residence of Mrs. Margaret Gregg on Sunday July 25 at 6 o'clock P. M. Miss Ann Watson aged 62 years.

[We learn, that the statement we made last week that Miss Watson was confined to her bed a helpless invalid for two years, is not correct. She died after a short illness.—ED.]

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

SHERIFF,

We are authorized to announce the name of Captain H. C. Beamer, of Potter township, as a candidate for sheriff, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

We are authorized to announce David M. Glenn, of Bellefonte, as candidate for sheriff, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

PROTHONOTARY.

We are authorized to announce the name of H. A. Snyder, of Liberty township, as a candidate for Prothonotary, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

COMMISSIONER.

We are authorized to announce the name of J. W. Campbell, of Ferguson twp., as candidate for the office of County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

BOGGS Twp., Centre Co., Pa., July 17, 1875.

MR. EDITOR.—Boggs Twp. would like to see a good live "Republican" in the Commissioners office and want "Andy Gregg" nominated for that office. He is sound on all things pertaining to the party. He would fill the office with ability. He will be able to control as large a vote as any other man the party can nominate. He is now and always has been a "sincere" Republican and so was his honored Father before him. Let us nominate and elect him to the office.

BOGGS TWP.

BELLEFONTE, July 27, 1875.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, ESQ.:

DEAR SIR:—I have been solicited by many citizens of this place to ask you to present, through the columns of your paper, the name of D. F. Shope, of Milesburg, as a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. Mr. Shope is an energetic business man, and would make a good officer.

The time is approaching for our county convention to make up our ticket, and to select good men. The office of County Commissioner is a very important office to all of us. We should get a good, honest, reliable business man—one that would see to our own interests. We think it best for the people to hunt the man, not the man the office. Permit us to bring forward the name of Capt. Jas. Dunlap, of Ferguson township. Capt. Dunlap was elected commissioner of the county when the Democratic majority was eleven hundred. He was elected by 66 majority. Placing Capt. Dunlap's name on the ticket for Commissioner will give great strength to the Republican ticket.

MANY REPUBLICANS,
of Bald Eagle Valley.

LIST of Patents issued to Inventors of Pennsylvania excepting Phila., for the week ending July 31, 1875, and each dated July 31, 1875. Furnished this paper by Cox & Cox, Solicitors of Patents, Washington, D. C.

Stoke Socket J L Blatt Reading
Meat Cutter A B Good Conestoga
Saw-Set J E Whitting Hardford
Wagon Brake G S Garth & W H Rosser Mill Hall
Window Frame E Roth New Oxford
Saw Mill W T Wayne Conyngham
Auger Handle F Wertz Mahony City
Needle-Sharpener T D Caskin Montrose
Grain-Separator W S Clymans Burnt Cabins
Shaft-Coupling A B Cook Erie
Rotary Engine S Gibson Shrewsbery
Steam or Gas and Air-Blast Pipe for Furnaces G H Goodsell Leechburg
Potato Digger Geo. W. Hagg Milton
Miners' Tool J Holmes & P P Quinn St Clair
Method of Making Plow Mold Boards J Holmes Pittsburg
Automatic Vapor Tests for Hydrocarbon J Fontoa Titusville
Grave Cover R Sipes Everett
Soap S Strumtz Pittsburg
Advertising Soap S Strumtz Pittsburg
Car Spring J Wooton Pittsburg
Metallurgic Furnace W Swindell Alleghony
Cut Chute W Thompson Carlisle
Molding Instrument D Walther Reading

PENN HALL ACADEMY.

The next term will begin on

MONDAY, AUGUST 2, 1875.

Tuition and boarding at reasonable rates. For particulars apply to

REV. D. M. WOLF, A. M.
J. M. EVANS, A. B.,
Penn Hall, Centre county, Pa.

july21-2tpd

Dauchy & Co.,

WHAT I KNOW ABOUT VEGETINE.

SOUTH BOSTON, May 9, 1871.

H. R. STEVENS, Esq.:

DEAR SIR.—I have had considerable experience with the Vegetine. For dyspepsia, general debility, and impure blood, the Vegetine is superior to anything which I have ever used. I commenced taking Vegetine about the middle of last winter, and, after using a few bottles, it entirely cured me of dyspepsia, and my blood never was in so good condition as at the present time. It will afford me pleasure to give any further particulars relative to what I know about this good medicine to any one who will call or address me at my residence, 386 Athens street. Very respectfully,

MONROE PARKER,
386 Athens street.

DYSPEPSIA.

SYMPTOMS.—Want of appetite, rising of food and wind from the stomach, acidity of the stomach, heartburn, dryness and whiteness of the tongue in the morning, sense of distension in the stomach and bowels, sometimes vomiting and pain; costiveness, which is occasionally interrupted by diarrhœa; paleness of the urine. The mouth is clammy, or has a sour or bitter taste. Other frequent symptoms are wat'rbrash, palpitation of the heart, headache, and dizziness of the senses, as seeing double, etc. There is general debility, languor and aversion to motion; dejection of the spirits, disturbed sleep, and frightful dreams.

GAINED FIFTEEN POUNDS OF FLESH

SOUTH BERWICK, Me., Jan. 17, 1872.

H. R. STEVENS, Esq.:

DEAR SIR.—I have had dyspepsia in its worst form for the last ten years, and have taken hundreds of dollars' worth of medicine without obtaining any relief. In September last I commenced taking the Vegetine, since which time my health has steadily improved. My food digests well, and I have gained fifteen pounds of flesh. There are several others in this place taking the Vegetine, and all have obtained relief.

Yours Truly,
THOMAS E. MOORE,
Overseer of card room, Portsmouth Co.'s Mills.

ALL DISEASES OF THE BLOOD.

If Vegetine will relieve pain, cleanse, purify, and cure diseases, restoring the patient to perfect health after trying different physicians, many remedies, suffering for years, is it not conclusive proof, if you are a sufferer, you can be cured? Why is this medicine performing such great cures? It works in the blood, in the circulating fluid. It can truly be called the *Great Blood Purifier.* The great source of disease originates in the blood; and no medicine that does not act directly upon it, to purify and renovate, has any just claim upon public attention.

GOOD EVIDENCE.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 26, 1872.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:

DEAR SIR—The two bottles of Vegetine furnished me by your agent, my wife has used with great benefit. For a long time she has been troubled with dizziness and costiveness; these troubles are now entirely removed by the use of Vegetine.

She was also troubled with dyspepsia and general debility, and has been greatly benefitted.

THOMAS GILMORE,
229½ Walnut Street.

RELIABLE EVIDENCE.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:

DEAR SIR—I will most cheerfully add my testimony to the great number you have already received in favor of your great and good medicine, Vegetine, for I do not think enough can be said in its praise, for I was troubled over thirty years with that dreadful disease, catarrh and had such bad coughing spells that it would seem as though I could never breathe any more, and Vegetine has cured me; and I do feel to thank God all the time that there is so good a medicine as Vegetine, and I also think it one of the best medicines for coughs and weak sinking feelings at the stomach, and advise everybody to take the Vegetine, for I can assure them that it is one of the best medicines that ever was.

MRS. L. GERE,
Corner Magazine and Walnut Sts., Cambridge, Mass.

APPRECIATION.

CHARLESTOWN, MASS., March 19, 1869.

H. R. STEVENS:

This is to certify that I have used your "Blood Purifyer" (Vegetine) in my family for several years, and think that, for scrofula or cankerous humors or rheumatic affections, it cannot be excelled; and as a blood purifier and spring medicine it is the best thing I ever used; and I have used almost everything. I can cheerfully recommend it to any one in need of such a medicine.

Yours Respectfully,
MRS. A. A. DINSMORE,
19 Russell Street.

Vegetine is Sold by All Druggists.

v07-no30-4t

EDITOR'S TABLE.

No. 1542 N. 7th St., Philada.

MY DEAR SIR.—Years ago, when I commenced the study of the military campaigns of our civil war, and to assist my purpose, I began the collection of the works relating to it, now numbering thousands. I determined never to give an expression, in writing, as to the merits of any book relating to the struggle.

As time passed, the justice of this resolution appeared to me with greater force. Though again and again besought, by reason of having access to so large a collection, and the esteem of so many gallant men, North and South, I have declined to do so, not wishing to offend their friendship, and not desiring to loan my name to some of the *stuff* now passing as history.

I set aside this rule to bear testimony to the pre-eminent value of your "History of the Battle of Gettysburg." Even after a THIRD reading I was disposed to, and take exceptions to very many of your positions, censure, blame, and praise many of them new to every student of the war.

But now, after a SCORE of readings and examinations of the thousand differences of opinion, I am free to pronounce it against all comers THE FAIREST, FULLEST, AND THE VERY BEST HISTORY OF THE GREATEST BATTLE OF MODERN TIMES.

A "Theirs" is the result of a generation of critical study and research. Henceforth your account of Gettysburg, before and after, must be as dear to every American as L' Historie de l' Empire is to every Frenchman.

With sentiments of the highest regard, I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your obidient servant.

JOHN P. NICHOLSON

WE have recieved a very valuable work, entitled "Popular Resorts and how to reach them" which it seems to us should be in the hands of every one who contemplates traveling, and cannot fail to be of interest to every one; it is very beautifully illustrated with a countless number of engravings showing the most popular resorts in the country.

It is for sale by all dealers throughout the country for the mere nominal sum of $2.00 It is a GRIZETTEER OF PLEASURE TRAVEL in the United States, and fills a place in illustrated literature heretofore unoccupied. While it gives clearly the information required by the tourist, it also forms a beautiful book, valuable either as souvenir of travel, or a descriptive work on popular localities. The large demand last year proved most fully that such a publication was required and appreciated by the traveling public; the knowledge of this fact has determined the author to make this a **Standard Work,** and issue it **annually,** each year adding to the Illustrated Descriptions. Address, GEORGE A. FOXCROFT, JR. No. 41 & 45 Franklin St., Boston

Union Seminary.

The first term of the present school year of this institution will open on

Tuesday, August 3, 1875.

Tuition, $8.50 per term of ten weeks, music, languages, book keeping and phonography, extra. Board in private houses from $2.50 to $3.00 per week; in clubs, $1.50 per week.

New Berlin, in which Union Seminary is situated is a beautiful, healthful town, in a fine agricultural region. It is daily accessible by stage from Northumberland on the Phila. & Erie Railroad. For catalogue and further information, address either Prof. F. M. Baker, or Prof. J. W. Bentz, New Berlin, Union Co., Pa.

7-29-3t

BUSINESS NOTICES.

E. F. KUNKEL'S BITTER WINE OF IRON.

"The great success and delight of the people. In fact, nothing of the kind has ever been offered to the American people which has so quickly found its way into their good favor and hearty approval as E. F. Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron. It does all it proposes, and thus gives the universal satisfaction. It is guaranteed to cure the worst case of dyspepsia or indigestion, kidney or liver disease, weakness, nervousness, constipation, acidity of the stomach, etc. Get the genuine. Only sold in $1 bottles. Depot and office, 259 North Ninth St., Philadelphia. Ask for Kunkel's, and take no other. Sold by all druggists.

DYSPEPSIA! DYSPEPSIA! DYSPEPSIA

E. F. Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron, a sure cure for this disease. It has been prescribed daily for many years in the practice of eminent physicians with unparalleled success. Symptoms are—loss of appetite, wind, and rising of food, dryness in mouth, headache, dizziness, sleeplessness and low spirits. Get the genuine. Not sold in bulk, only in $1 bottles. 259 North Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. Sold by all druggists. Ask for E. F. Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron, and take no other.

259 TAPE WORM 259

Entirely removed with purely vegetable medicine, passing from the system alive. No fee unless the head passes. Come and refer to patients treated. Dr. E. F. Kunkle, No. 259 North Ninth Street, Philadelphia. Advice free. Seat, Pin and Stomach Worms also removed. Never fails. For removing all kinds but Tape Worm, the medicine can be had of your druggist. Ask for Kunkel's Worm Syrup. Price, $1. For Tape Worm, the patient must come on and have it removed. 7-29-4t

If you want to be strong, healthy and vigorous, take E. F. Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron. No language can convey an adequate idea of the immediate and almost miraculous change produced by taking E. F. Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron in the diseased, debilitated and shattered nervous system. Whether broken down by excess, weak by nature, or impaired by sickness, the relaxed and unstrung organization is restored to perfect health and vigor. Sold only in $1 bottles. Office and store No. 259 North Ninth st., Philadelphia. Only in $1 bottles. Sold by all druggists.

Nervous Debility. Nervous Debility

Debility, a depressed, irritable state of mind, a weak, nervous, exhausted feeling, no energy or animation, confused head, weak memory, the consequences of excesses, mental overwork. This nervous debility finds a sovereign cure in E. F. Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron. It tones the system, dispels the mental gloom and despondency, and rejuvenates the entire system. Sold only in $1 bottles. Get the genuine. Take only E. F. Kunkel's, it has a yellow wrapper around it, his photograph on outside. Sold by your druggist. E. F. Kunkel, Proprietor, Philadelphia, Pa.

259 Tape Worm Alive. 259

Head and all complete in two hours. No fee till head passes. Seat, Pin and Stomach Worms removed by Dr. Kunkel, 259 North Ninth st., Philadelphia, Pa. To have Tape Worm removed patients must come on, but for all other worms your druggist can procure it. Ask for Kunkel's Worm Syrup. Price $1, and guaranteed. Send for circular. 27-4t

BELLEFONTE SCHOOL DISTRICT.—Receipts and expenditures for year ending June 1, 1875.

RECEIPTS.

Net amount of taxes received	$5298 97
State appropriation	857 02
Wm. McClellan former Treasurer	475 00
Wm. S. Tripple former Collector	564 69
Note discounted	578 85
Laura Graham	5 00
Total	$7782 53

EXPENDITURES.

Amount of orders issued	
Teacher of school No. 1, 8 mos. $120 per month	$960 00
Teacher attending Co. Institute	30 00
" No. 2, 8 mos. $50 per month	400 00
" attending Co. Institute	12 50
" No. 3, $40 per month	320 00
" No. 4 $40 per month	320 00
" No. 5 $40 per month	320 00
" No. 6 $40 per month	320 00
" No. 7 $40 per month	320 00
" No. 8 $40 per month	320 00
" No. 9 $50 per month	400 00
" No. 10 $40 per month	320 00
" attending Co., Institute	36 00
Total	$4078 50
Coal and contingencies	$655 16
Building and lot colored school house	1808 67
Repairs	410 91
Salary of Treasurer	150 00
Salary of Secretary	150 00
Fire Insurance	120 00
Interest	2178 26
Total	$9550 91
Amount of above orders unpaid	$1768 38
Amount yet due from D. McGinley collector dup., 1873	109 11
Amount yet due from D. McGinley collector dup., 1874	4441 29
Total	$6550 58
Amount due district	$2782 12
Estimated value of school property—	
Real Estate	$35000 00

A. O. FURST, President.
J. H. RANKIN, Secretary.
28-3t

WILLIAMSPORT
Dickinson Seminary,
AT WILLIAMSPOT, PA.
FOR BOTH SEXES.

Nine teachers. Three courses of study, or any four studies may be chosen. Students received for single term or longer periods. Classical course, including board, washing, room, fuel, tuition and incidentals, $203.33 per year. English course $192.33. Fall term begins August 26. For Catalogue address,
REV. EDWARD J. GRAY, President.
vol7-no29-3t

BUSINESS ESTABLISHED IN 1835.
BOERICKE & TAFEL,
HOMŒOPATHIC
PHARMACY, 145 Grand St., New York.

Keep constantly on hand a complete stock of reliable Homœpathic Medicines, and books on Domestic Practice. Goods sent to all parts of the country, by mail or express.

Send stamp for descriptive catalogue and price current. Address as above. vol7-n50-3m

A Fortune for $1

The Wyoming Single Number Lottery draws on the 15th of each month, and $200,000 in cash is paid in full to ticket holders. Capital prize, $50,000. Second Prize $30,000, Third Prize $20,000, Fourth, $15,000, Fifth, $10,000, Sixth, $8,000, Seventh, $7,000, Eighth, $5,000, besides 60,255 smaller prizes.

THE WYOMING COMBINATION.

(*Three Number*) Lottery draws on the 30th of each month, Capital Prize $50,000, Second Prize $25,000, Third, $20,000, Fourth, $10,000, Fifth, $8,000, besides 70,720 smaller prizes, the whole amounting to $600,000 is paid out regularly at each drawing. This Institution is chartered by special Act of the Legislature, and supervised by the legal authorities at each drawing. Official List of drawn numbers sent by mail to ticket holders as soon as published. Tickets for either are $1 each, six for $5. Circulars sent free to everybody, containing full particulars. Tickets sold up to the hour of drawing.
ALLEN & CO., 79 Nassau St., New York.

Beautiful Women. The hair is the crowning glory of woman. There are few moderate defects which cannot be remedied by the proper disposition of the tresses. But when the hair begins to fall out, or turn gray, in young people, or with those in the prime of life, there is cause for real regret. When this is the case, *Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer* will be found to be a first class remedy, far superior, as a sound medical medium, to anything else before the public. It actually restores gray hair to its original color, and in the great majority of cases causes it to grow again when it is becoming thin. It is not like many popular preparations, a mere wash, but a scientific discovery, indorsed and used by physicians of character. Address R. P. Hall & Co., Nashua, N. H.—Forney's Weekly Press, Feb. 1, 1868.

THIS PAPER IS ON FILE WITH
ROWELL & CHESMAN Advertising Agents,
[SECOND & CHESTNUT STS., ST. LOUIS, MO.

Bellefonte Markets.

BELLEFONTE, August 4, 1875.

Our merchants are running a tolerable fair business, all of whom prefer to sell for cash or on short time. Long credits are not sought after and are looked upon as being very much below par, no matter how good the buyer may be.

WHEAT—There is some new wheat offering, but buyers are slow to name prices. The old stock is not exhausted, and the little rise in the East two weeks ago stimulates farmers to hold for higher figures, but prices are now receding, with little hopes of recovering. The new crop from the South is being moved North, and for the time being Southern wheat is sought for more than that of the North and West. Farmers ought to be very careful as to the seed they sow. The Fulty wheat is not a favorite with millers and barely maintains itself as a red wheat. The Lancaster and Shoemaker are preferred by buyers and shippers.

CORN—In corn there is very little doing. There is not much offering and very little wanted.

RYE—Rye is nominal.

OATS—The new crop is now being harvested, but there are some fears that the recent rains may injure it as it did two years ago. The new crop is an average one, and it is to be hoped that the farmers will be able to house it in good order.

White Wheat per bushel	$1 10
Red wheat	1 10
Rye per bushel	90
Corn, ears	65
Corn, shelled	70
Oats	60
Flour, retail per barrel	6.00
Flour, wholesale	5.50
HAY AND STRAW.	
Hay choice timothy per ton	$25 00
Hay Mixed per ton	20 00
STRAW FOR GLASS WORKS.	
Oat straw for packing per ton	10 00
Wheat straw, short per ton	8 00
STRAW AT PAPER MILL.	
Long rye straw, bundled per ton	11 00
Short straw per ton	8 00

Provision Market.

Corrected Weekly by Brew & Son.

Apples, dried, per lb	10
Apples per bus	75
Peaches, dried, per lb	15
Cherries, dried, per lb	8
Beans per quart	10
Fresh Butter lb	20
Chickens, per piece	25
Turkeys, per lb	10
Cheese per lb	22
Hams per lb	18
Bacon	12½ & 13
Sides	11
Lard per lb	18
Eggs per doz	20
Tallow, per pound	7
Potatoes per bushel new	100
Dried Beef	25
Beef by the side	6
Cod Fish per lb., Boneless	12½
Cod Fish, whole	6
Canned Tomatoes, per can	20
Oranges per doz	100

Quotations of Weiss, Powell & Co., Bankers and Brokers, 42 South Third Street.
PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 2, 1875

	BID.	ASKED.
U. S. 1881, c	20⅝	20⅞
" 5-20, c. '62, M. and N	14	14⅜
" " " '64, " "	15⅝	16
" " " '65, " "	15⅝	16⅜
" " " '65, J. and J	18⅝	18⅞
" " " '67, " "	20	20⅛
" " " 68, " "	20⅝	20⅞
" 10-40, coupon,	16½	17
" Pacific 6's ty	22	22¼
New 5's, Reg. 1881	14½	15
" " c. 1881	14¾	15
Gold	12¼	13
Silver	11⅞	109
Pennsylvania	50⅝	50⅞
Reading	14⅝	15
Philadelphia & Erie	20⅜	21
Lehigh Navigation	20½	20¾
" Valley, Ex. Div	61½	62
United R. R. of N. J	130	131
Oil Creek	9⅜	9⅞
Northern Central	9¾	10
Central Transportation	15¾	16
Nesquehoning	56	56½
C. & A. Mortgage 6's, '99	104	104½

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.—Pursuant to an order of the Court of Centre county, Pa., will be sold at public sale, on the premises in Benner township, said county, on

THURSDAY, Aug 5, 1875,

the following described Real Estate, late of Daniel Hasting and Mary Hasting, deceased, to wit:

Four valuable farms situated in the township and county aforesaid, laying on the south of Buffalo Run road, about three miles from Bellefonte, bounded on the east by lands of John Wagner, south by lands of Bezar, Steinkirchner and others, west by lands of E. C. Humes, and on the north by lands of Andrew Shivery, Wm. Grove and others, containing in the whole 853 acres 46 per. and numbering as one, two, three and four. No. 1 containing two hundred and two acres and eighty-six perches of which there is cleared and under cultivation, about one hundred and forty acres, the balance covered with young thrifty timber. No. 2, containing two hundred and sixty-two acres and one hundred and twenty-seven perches of which is cleared and under cultivation about one hundred and sixty acres, and the remainder well timbered. No. 3, containing 193 acres and 127 perches, cleared and under cultivation one hundred and sixty acres and the remainder well timbered. No. 4, containing one hundred and ninety-four acres and twenty-six perches, one hundred acres thereof cleared and under cultivation, and the balance well timbered. The improvements on each of said several farms are two story mansion houses, and bank barns and other out-buildings, with young and thrifty fruit orchards and well supplied with water. The land is in a high state of cultivation divided into convenient fields, and is well adapted for raising all kinds of grain, grass, &c., and is what may be termed as good Centre county farm land.

This property is situated in the heart of Nittany Valley, about three miles from Bellefonte station on the Bald Eagle Valley Railroad, and convenient to places of public worship of all denominations, schools, stores, mills, &c. The said several farms to be sold separately or as a whole, to suit the convenience of purchasers. Persons desiring to view the premises will please call on George G. Hasting, residing thereon. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock P. M. Conditions made known on day of sale, by
J. P. GEPHART, Trustee.
28-3t

IMPORTANT NOTICE.—There are large numbers of Deeds, or title papers, on file in the Recorder's office, the accumulation of years, which it may be much to the advantage of parties interested to repossess without delay. Indeed many of these papers are imperfect and incomplete, and so noted by the Recorder. All deeds, mortgages, etc., on file, upon which the State tax and Recorder's fees remain unpaid, ought to be, and must be, promptly attended to by the parties interested, to avoid the costs which will necessarily accrue, on further neglect.
I. I. GRENOBLE, Recorder.
Recorder's Office, Bellefonte, July 27, 1875.

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Griffith Lytle, sr., deceased, late of Harris twp., having been granted to John Lytle and James Lytle, all persons knowing themselves to be in debt to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the estate will please present them duly authenticated for settlement.
JAMES LYTLE, JOHN LYTLE, Administrators.
25-6t

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned, an auditor appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Centre County, at April term, 1875, to distribute the money arising out of the sale of the Real Estate of Daniel Weidensaul, by the Sheriff of Centre county, to and among those legally entitled thereto, will attend to the duties of his appointment, at his office, in Bellefonte, on Monday, the 19th day of July, 1875, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, at which time and place all parties interested are requested to be present.
R. M. MAGEE, Auditor.

STRAYED.—A light bay horse belonging to Rev. J. F. Craig left Snow Shoe Borough last Friday, 23rd inst., and when last seen was on Beechcreek. The horse is about eight years old and marked with a small white star on the forehead, one white hind foot and saddle marks. Any person giving information which will lead to the recovery of the horse will be liberally rewarded. $5
JOHN F. CRAIG, Snow Shoe, Pa.

MEDICAL.

CHEROKEE REMEDY.

THE GREAT INDIAN DIURETIC.

INFINITELY SUPERIOR TO BUCHU.

Nine tenths of the human family suffer, directly or indirectly, at one time or other, from diseases or irregularities of the generative system, while the victims of indiscretion, and of quack treatment, are comparatively numerous.

The idea that patients cannot treat themselves successfully in these cases, has long ago been exploded. A good and reliable medicine, prepared by an experienced physician, from the original Indian Recipe, that is guaranteed to effect a

SPEEDY AND RADICAL CURE.

can be as safely relied upon as the prescription of the most skillful practitioner. Such a medicine is the celebrated

CHEROKEE REMEDY.

Full directions accompany each bottle, and if they are carefully followed, a quick and permanent cure is guarranteed. Price $2.00 per bottle.

THE CHEROKEE INJECTION,

should always be used in conjunction with the Remedy for both incipient and obstinate cases of Gonorrhœa. Price $2.00 per bottle.

CHEROKEE CURE

for seminal weakness (spermatorrhœa), is a simple vegetable medicine that was used for many years in the practice of the physician who first gave the remedy to the public. It has effected cures that would scarcely be credited except on ocular evidence of the fact. Full directions, with pamphlet containing all particulars of symptoms, treatment, &c., accompany each bottle. Price $2.00 per bottle. Sold everywhere.

CHEROKEE PILLS.

These Pill are prepared expressly for the cure of those irregularities to which ladies are subject, and will be found safe, reliable and effectual, for the cure of Suppression, Green Sickness, Pain in the Back, Hysteria, Sick Headache, &c., &c. Price $1.00 per box.

Heimstreet's Hair Restorative,

OR INIMITABLE HAIR COLORING.

NOT A DYE.—Heimstreet's "Hair Coloring is not a Dye, and its operation is not by any chemical effect, but by a natural restoration of the glands, thus giving the hair the color it originally had.

NATURALNESS.—When the hair is dyed, its color is leaden hued and unnatural, but when restored by HEIMSTREET'S HAIR COLORING, its appearance is so perfectly natural that no one can detect the use of any Restorative.

STAINLESS.—While the Restorative acts promptly on the hair, it leaves no stain or mark whatever on the skin. It is composed of ingredients that form a perfect dressing as well as a coloring, so that no oils, &c., are necessary.

THIS MOST EFFECTIVE of all the Hair Restorers is for sale by all druggists at 50 cents and $1.00 per bottle. Numerous certificates from those who have used it are in the possession of the proprietors.

METROPOLITAN MED. CO., New York.
JOHN F. HENRY, CURRAN & Co., Wholesale Ag'ts, 8 and 9 College Place, N. Y.

PARK'S BALSAM
OR
WILD CHERRY AND TAR.

BALSAM.—Nothing is more soothing to the irritated membranes than the pure BALSAMS of which this medicine is composed.

WILD CHERRY.—The true bark of Wild Cherry is an unfailing specific for all throat and pectoral diseases.

TAR.—The wonderful healing properties of Tar when united with the other ingredients, render PARK'S BALSAM the most efficient Cough Medicine ever offered to the public.

CONSUMPTION.—The many cases of Consumption that have been cured justify us in the assertion that it is the very best medicine for that disease ever discovered.

CERTIFICATES OF CURES.

STEPHEN FISK, of New York, says his daughter had consumption, and terbucles had formed in her lungs. He was induced to try Park's Balsam, which effected a speedy cure.

T. EDWARD FLEET, of Brooklyn says, I think it is the best medicine for affections of the lungs I ever used.

G. S. FASCHER, of New York says, I feel fully persuaded that Park's Balsam has saved my life.

We have in our possession hundreds of certificates from others, and all of the same cheering import. Price 50 cents and $1.00 per bottle. Sold by druggists and dealers everywhere.

Address all orders to JOHN F. HENRY, CURRAN & CO., 8 and 9 College Place, New York.
METROPOLITAN MED. CO., Proprietors.

EGYPTIAN
Rat and Vermin Destroyer

FOR EXTERMINATING RATS, MICE, WATER BUGS, ROUCHES, RED ANTS, &c.

STRENGTH.—When a Rat tastes the Egyptian Destroyer, his death warrant is signed, sure. It cannot fail to kill. It also creates great thirst, and the rat will search for water out of doors, and not die in his hole, to cause a stench that cannot be got out.

ATTRACTIVENESS.—Rats are the shrewdest of vermin. It is hard to get them to eat poison. An ingredient in the Egyptian Destroyer is a perfect bait, and they are attracted rather than freightened be it. "Rats (not children) cry for it.

KEEPING SOFT.—People know how the ordinary Rat Pastes dry up and become useless, causing annoyance and loss. The Egyptian Destroyer is fully warranted to keep soft, fresh and effective in any climate for years.

SURE DEATH.—The Egyptian Destroyer kills every time. Hundreds of unsolicited testimonials are now in the hands of the proprietors, substantiating its great merits as the best preparation for destroying Vermin in the world. Be sure and ask for the "Egyptian," and take no other.

Put up in large glass bottles. Price, 25 cts. Sold by Druggists everywhere.

JOHN F. HENRY, CURRAN & CO., AGENTS, 8 and 9 College Place, N. Y.
METROPOLITAN MEDICINE CO., Sole Proprietors.
6-30-1y

HOLLOWAY'S
Pills and Ointment

EVERY MAN HIS OWN PHYSICIAN.

THE GRAND PRINCIPLE that operates in these wonderful medicines is the power that they possess in purifying the turbid blood, and expelling corrupt humors from the system.

Both the ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases: Bunions, Burns, Chapped hands, Chilblains, Fistula, Gout, Limbago, Mercurial Eruptions, Piles, Rheumatism, Ring Worms, Salt Rheums, Scalds, Skin Diseases, Swelled Glands, Sore Legs, Sore Breasts, Sore Heads, Sore Throats, Sores of all kinds, Sprains, Stiff Joints, Tetter, Ulcers, Venereal sores, Wounds of all kinds.

USE HOLLOWAY'S EXPECTORANT for the absolute cure of Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness, Pains in the Chest, and all affections of the Pulmonary nature.

CAUTION.

Be careful and see that each bottle has the Holloway and Co. trade mark on it.

Price, 25cts., 62cts., and $1.00; great saving in buying large sizes.

METROPOLITAN MED. CO., PROP'RS. 9 College Place, N. Y.
JOHN F. HENRY, CURRAN & CO., Wholesale Agents, New York.
6-30-1y

THE VOICE OF MASONRY
AND FAMILY MAGAZINE.

A MONTHLY PUBLICATION, IS NOW IN ITS 15th YEAR. It contains a full account of all matters pertaining to craft, supplied by its large corps of able contributors, both at home and abroad, and is one of the best mediums of Masonic information. PRICE $2 PER YEAR, in advance, with Masonic Chromo, $2.50. Send 25 cents for sample copy.

Address VOICE OF MASONARN, No 185 West Monroe St Chicago Ill., and No. 8 College Place, or P.O. Box 1189, New York City.
6-30-1y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

$10. TO $500. in Wall Street often leads to fortune. A 72 page book entitled: "Men and Idioms of Wall Street," explaining everything, SENT FREE. JOHN HICKLING & CO., Bankers and Brokers, 72 Broadway, New York. 27-4w

WANTED, AGENTS—Everywhere for the CENTENNIAL HISTORY—600 pages, 240 engravings, selling well. Address H. O. HOUGHTON & CO., 1 Somerset st., Boston, Mass. 27-4t

AGENTS 16 OIL CHROMOS, mounted, size 9x11 for $1. 100 for $5. Largest variety in the world. NATIONAL CHROMO CO., Philadelphia, Pa. 27-4t

A FORTUNE IN IT. Every family buys it. Sold by Agents. Address, G. S. Walker, Erie, Pa. 28-4w

AGENTS WANTED.
Men or women. $54 a week. Proof furnished. Business pleasant and honorable with no risk. A 16 page circular and Valuable Samples free. Send your address on postal card. Don't delay but write at once to F. M. REED, STREET, NEW YORK.

AGENTS WANTED for the best, cheapest and fastest selling Bible published. Send for extra terms to agents. NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Philadelphia, Pa. v7n30-4t

$10 to $500. in Wall Street often leads to fortune. A 72-page book, entitled "Men and Idioms of Wall Street," explaining everything. SENT FREE. JOHN HICKLING & CO., Bankers and Brokers, 72 Broadway, New York. v7n30-4t

LOOK. "THE PENNELLOGRAPH."
SOMETHING NEW FOR AGENTS.
(Secured by Copyright.) Which is an invention of our own, the result of years of assiduous study; and for life-like expressions, freshness of color, softness of finish, is not approached by any other style of picture. Men and women wanted now to solicit orders for copying and enlarging small pictures of Friends and Loved Ones from Tintypes, Ambrotypes, Photographs, and Daguerreotypes into the new process which will please everybody. Great wages and a permanent business ensured. Send for full instructions to GURNSEY & Co.'s Studio, 3406 Market St., Phila. Pa. v7n30-4t

"PSYCHOMANCY, OR SOUL CHARMING." How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they choose, instantly. This simple mental sequirement all can possess, free, by mail, for 25 cents, together with a marriage guide, Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to Ladies, Wedding-Night Shirts, &c. A queer book. Address T. WILLIAM & CO., Pub's, Phila. Pa. v7n30-4t

WHEREVER it has BEEN TRIED
JURUBEBA
has established itself a perfect regulator and sure remedy for disorders of the system arising from improper action of the Liver and Bowels.

It is not a Physic, but, by stimulating the secretive organs, gently and gradually removes all impurities, and regulates the entire system.

IT IS NOT A DOCTORED BITTERS, but is a

VEGETABLE TONIC

which assists digestion, and thus stimulates the appetite for food necessary to invigorate the weakened or inactive organs, and give strength to all the vital forces.

IT CARRIES ITS OWN RECOMMENDATION, as the large and rapidly increasing sales testify. Price One Dollar a bottle. Ask your druggist for it. JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & CO., Philadelphia, Pa. Wholesale Agents. 28-4w

Flour and Feed.

DUNCAN, HALE & CO.,
(Successors to John M. Wagner & Co.,)
MANUFACTURERS OF
FLOUR, FEED, &c.,
AND DEALERS IN
ALL KINDS OF GRAIN
The highest market price paid for
WHEAT, RYE,
CORN,
OATS, &c
6-29-1y

Legal Notices.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned, an auditor appointed by the Court of Common Pleas, of Centre County, to make distribution of the money arising from the sale of the real estate of Samuel Pamler and wife, to and amongst those legally entitled thereto, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office in Bellefonte, on Monday, the 16th day of August, 1875, at 2 o'clock P. M., when and where all persons interested are requested to attend.
ADAM HOY, Auditor.

ORDINANCE.—Be it ordained and enacted by the Town Council assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, that the burial ground in the Borough of Milesburg, be closed as a public burial ground, and all interments are hereafter strictly forbidden in the same. Approved this third day of July, A. D. 1875.
J. MILES GREEN, Burgess.
Attest: DANIEL T. SHOPE, Sec'y.
7-29-3t

THE KENNESAW GAZETTE,
A MONTHLY PAPER, PUBLISHED AT
ATLANTA, GA.

Devoted to Railroad Interests, Literature, Wit and Humor. Twenty-five cents per year. CHROMO to every subscriber.

Address KENNESAW GAZETTE, ATLANTA, GA.

CANCERS

Removed without pain, or the use of either caustics or the knife, and Radically Cured. It painful, and an open ulcer formed, medicines will be sent by Express to give prompt relief. Consultation, by letter, One Dollar. Send 10 cents for book with descriptive cases, Rules, cases and Testimonials.
DRS. PARK & McLEISH, No. 21 East 15th Street, New York
v7n 0-8t

INSURANCE AGENCY.

IRWIN'S INSURANCE AGENCY.

S. M. IRWIN, late Justice of the Peace. | S. M. IRWIN & SON, | JOHN J. IRWIN, Attorney at Law.

OFFICE, NORTH SIDE DIAMOND, BELLEFONTE, PA.

This agency represents the oldest and best Fire Insurance Companies represented in the United States, and the best Life Insurance Company in the world.

☞FAIR RATES AND GOOD INSURANCE☜

should induce the insuring public to patronize this agency.

REMEMBER THE PLACE.

N. B.—Strict attention given to collections, and remittances promptly made. Scrivening of all kinds neatly done on short notice. 27-3m

MARBLE WORKS.

WILLIAM WILLIAMS,
MARBLE MANUFACTURER,
HIGH STREET, 27-3m BELLEFONTE, PA.

Nagle, Cooke & Ewing, Paper Hangings.

FINE PAPER HANGINGS,
OIL PAINTED WALL PAPERS,
SUBSTITUTES FOR PAINTED WALLS.
DADO'S HALL AND CEILING DECORATIONS.
COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF FINE AND CHEAP GOODS.
NAGLE, COOKE & EWING,
1208 Chestnut Street, 19-tf PHILADELPHIA.

Painting and Paper Hanging.

PAINTING & PAPER HANGING.

JAMES WALLACE. ROBERT H. IRWIN.

WALLACE & IRWIN.

Having entered into copartnership we take this method to present our claims to public favor. We are prepared to do in a neat, expedious and thorough manner, and at prices that will defy competition,

HOUSE PAINTING, GRAINING, KALSOMING FRESCOING, PAPER HANGING & SIGN PAINTING, &c.

ORNAMENTAL AND FANCY PAINTING made a specialty.

Orders left at S. M. Irwin & Son's office, in Diamond, or at their shop on Howard St., will receive prompt attention. (vol7no28-6m)

Furniture.

NEW FURNITURE STORE!
JOHN BRACHBILL,
Manufacturer and dealer in
FURNITURE
SPRING ST., BELLEFONTE, PA.,
HAS COMPLETED HIS ELEGANT
NEW STORE
And has now on hand the best assortment of
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE
EVER OFFERED IN THIS CITY.
A very fine selection of WALL PAPER, will be found at low prices. v6n10

Dr. Tipple's Specific Liniment
is a certain and positive cure for WOUNDS, BRUISES, STRAINS, BURNS, CHILBLAIN'S AND ESPECIALLY OLD SORES AND OLD ULCERS OF LONG STANDING which it is guaranteed to cure. It will also cure all
EXTERNAL DISEASES
of the horse and other domestic animals. Sold by all druggists. Price 50 cents per bottle,
DR. R. D. TIPPLE, Bellefonte, Pa
36 6m

NEW YORK TRIBUNE.
THE LEADING AMERICAN NEWSPAPER.
THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM.
Daily, $10 a year. Semi-Weekly, $3. Weekly, $2
Postage free to the Subscriber. Specimen copies and advertising rates free. Weekly in clubs of 30 or more only $1, postage paid. Address The Tribune, New York. 7-2-1y

For
COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS,
AND ALL THROAT DISEASES,
Use
WELLS' Carbolic Tablets,
PUT UP ONLY IN BLUE BOXES.
A TRIED AND SURE REMEDY.
Sold by Druggists generally, and
JOHNSTON HOLLOWAY & CO., Philadelphia, Pa
30-4t

TRUE MARRIAGE GUIDE!
144 pages, illustrated. Cloth and gilt binding. A book for private, careful reading by both sexes, married or single. About physiology of Reproduction of healthy and beautiful children. Marriage; whom to marry; proper age; marriage impediments; nervous debility; sexual inability; blood impurities, &c.; causes and consequences. Price 50 cents; sent securely sealed. Address
WM. WHITTIER, M. D., 302 Penn Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
N. B.—Dr. Whittier specially treats private diseases and all affections mentioned in his work, with greatest success. Cures guaranteed. Consultation—personally or by letter—confidential and free. Call or write. 7-4-1y

Lumber etc.

TO BUILDERS!

HAVING purchased the Beech Creek Saw Mill Property, at Snow Shoe, Centre county, Pa., I am prepared to fill orders for
WHITE & YELLOW PINE,
OAK
HEMLOCK LUMBER.
Also, for
SHINGLES, PLASTERING LATH AND PALINGS.
W. M. HOLMES,
Post Office Address, Bellefonte, Centre Co Pa. 3-6?

Foundries.

W. P. DUNCAN,
BELLEFONTE PA.
FOUNDER & MACHINIST.
MANUFACTURER OF
Steam Engines,
HOUSTON'S WATER WHEELS
CIRCULAR SAW MILLS,
Mill Machinery.
v3n46-1y.

BEAUTIFUL NEW SONG.
"No Friendly Voice to Greet Me," by H. P. DANKS. Sent post-paid for 35 cents. Order our catalogue for 1875. WM. H. BONER & CO., Music Publishers, 1102 Chestnut Street, Phila., Pa. 27-13w

ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGANS.
Organ & Arion Pianos. E. M. BRUCE, 1208 Chestnut St., Phila., formerly of 1102 North 4th St. 17-48w

Sunday Reading.

THE SABBATH SCHOOL.

LESSON FOR JULY.

FOLLOWING THE LAMB.
JOHN 1. 35 —46.

These interesting verses bring before us the beginning of the public ministry of Jesus Christ. How small it was apparently! Yet it was the germ of that movement which was to regenerate humanity. The "Word" was there, and not only is the seed the word, but the word is seed—having a germinating quality such that it will grow and fill the world. There is much in this thought that might be profitably amplified; but other themes of practical and pressing interest demand our attention. We omit all biographic reference to John the Baptist or Andrew, or Peter, or Phillip, or Nathanael, and all geographic description of Bethsaida, because the teacher can easily find all that information for himself, and we confine ourselves to the spiritual lesson of the narrative.

1. IT IS A GREAT THING TO FIND CHRIST FOR ONES SELF.

These two disciples, Andrew and John, having Jesus pointed out to them by the Baptist, followed him to his dwelling, and after having spent the night with him in earnest communing, came away, saying: We have found the Messiah. Now, what is it to find Christ? It is not simply to come in contact with him, for many were pushed against him that day when the poor invalid "touched" him, yet only she was blessed. It is not simply to hear his words, for many listened to him when he was upon the earth who never "found" him. It is to be convinced that he is the Son of God, the Saviour of the world and to trust ourselves to him as our Redeemer and instructor. There are differences in the way in which different individuals come to this conviction and confidence, but the finding is in all cases the same. Some come upon him after a long search, and some have him pointed out to them by another, as in the present case. In some, the discovery is accompanied by a moral convulsion. like that which shook the whole soul of the apostle Paul; and in others it comes gradually, almost imperceptibly, as the result of a course of instruction. But, in general, these three things are true of all: 1. They are first attracted to Jesus as the Lamb of God that taketh away the sins of the world. The great cry of the conscience is for relief from guilt, and whatever promises that receives its attention. Now, very clearly, that was the idea involved in the words of the Baptist which first sent those two disciples to the Lord. The "lamb" was in their minds inseparably associated with sacrifice, especially when it was spoken of as taking away sin. And they were drawn to Jesus to get rid of their sin. 2. They are alone with Christ, and deal with him for salvation. These two disciples spent an entire night with Jesus, and such was the impression made upon them that they left him with minds and hearts confiding in him as the Messiah. Conversion is a matter between the soul and Christ. The Lord says to the enquirer, "come unto Me," and not until he responds to that call and chooses for himself with Christ is the sinner saved. The way to convert a soul is not for a teacher to deal with it, but rather to send it to deal with Christ. The Lord will not act by proxy here. He must see and receive the soul himself. It is a matter to be transacted between them both. 3. This conversion changes the entire course of their after history. What an epoch this was for Andrew and John! This was the turning point of their careers. It was, so to say, the switch which diverted them from the line in which before they had been travelling, and sent them in a new, nobler direction. So conversion gives a new centre to the heart, a new aim to the life, a new character to the individual. Look at Paul, and see how different the Christian apostle was from the Jewish persecutor. It is therefore a great thing to find Christ—the greatest thing that can happen to man. Have you found him, teacher? Have you, scholar?

2. WHEN WE HAVE FOUND CHRIST FOR OURSELVES, WE SHOULD BRING OTHERS TO HIM.

The first thing Andrew did was to lead another to the Lord. Grace is not a selfish quality. As Matthew Henry says, "It loves not to eat its morsels alone." It hates all monopoly. If, therefore, we don't care about bringing others to the Saviour, that is a sure sign that we have yet to come to him ourselves. But you ask how this is to be done. I answer: 1. By praying for them. If we cannot move them to go to Christ, we may move him to go to them, and that will serve the same purpose. I do not think that we have yet in a right measure realized the importance of prayer as a means of blessing the souls of others. Let us look around and select individuals whom we know and love, and resolve to pray for them until they enter the kingdom. They who have tried this plan can tell many blessed things of its results. The writer knew one teacher who prayed all his class into conversion. 2. By instruction. We can tell the story of Christ and his salvation to others. It does not require a pulpit and congregation in order to preach. We may repeat the good news anywhere—to our companions as we go to school or to business; to our fellow-artisan in the workshop, and our neighbor in the store. And if we cannot tell it well enough, we can give the little tract that contains it all, or we can bring our friend with us to church or Sabbath-school, where the ministers or teacher will do the preaching. 3. By example. There is a way open to us all. We can every one try by God's grace to live the Gospel, and that is the most powerful way of preaching it. I have known servants converted by the quiet Christian influence of the life of their mistress, and I once heard a bank-clerk say that there was more gospel for him in the life of a neighbor-clerk than he had ever known or felt before. Here is the threefold ministry of the Christian for others—that of the closet, the voice, and the life, and when they are all united in one, they are, by the power of God mighty to influence others to repair to Jesus.

III. IN BRINGING OTHERS TO CHRIST, WE SHOULD BEGIN WITH THOSE NEAREST US.

Andrew brought Simon, his own brother. Phillip went and told his friend and townsman, Nathanael. So we should begin just where we are. This is fundamental if we want to work for Christ. Many people look so far away and so high up for what they call "their sphere" that they overlook the work that is waiting to be done by them at their side. The truth is, if we do not find a field of labor where we are now, we shall not find one anywhere. The father must begin with his children, the brother with his brother, the sister with her sister, the friend with his friend. It is not work in the future and elsewhere that Christ wants, but in the present and where we are, and if we be faithful in that which is least he will open up the way to something greater. This is the right economy of the Chrstian work, and the sooner we learn it the better it will be both for the church and the world.

IV. IN FOLLOWING THIS PLAN, WE MAY BRING SOME ONE TO JESUS WHO WILL DO MORE FOR HIS CAUSE THAN WE COULD ACCOMPLISH.

Andrew brought Peter. We do not hear much of the former in the after history of the church; yet how nobly prominent and useful Peter was! we think of the Jewish Pentecost at Jerusalem, and the Gentile one at Cæsarea, and of both Peter was the centre. We think of these two epistles which Peter wrote, and which have been so full of blessing to the churches of all ages, and then we see that he was one of the "pillars" of the infant church. Yet, humanly speaking, he woulb not have found Christ but for the agency of Andrew and so the lustre of Peter's crown of glory reflects new brightness upon Andrews face. By doing the little we can do we may introduce another to Jesus who shall become eminent as a "winner" of souls and a teader of men. This ought to be a stimulus to us to labor earnestly, even in our own limited spheres. Men laughed at old Trebonius for bowing to his scholars every day when he opened his school, because, as he said, some great man might be there in embryo; but when Martin Luther developed out of one of his scholars, the laugh was on the other side! Teacher! let this fact encourage you, for you know not but that some undeveloped preacher or missionary may now be in your class, who may carry your influence to thousands who may never hear your name. Therefore, bring them all to Jesus!

Other thoughts in this lesson are: 1. The willingness of Christ to receive enquirers. He says "Come and see." 2. The insight of Christ into character. The moment he saw Simon he read him through and through. 3. The folly of letting prejudice keep us from blessing. Had Nathanael allowed his feeling about Nazareth to rule him, he had never found the Christ.

Agricultural.

Apples as Food for Stock.

Perhaps there is no crop raised on the farm, which may be, and is to some extent used as food for stock, about which there is so much diversity of value, as about apples. It is true they are fed to swine to some extent, and cattle often eat the windfalls from orchards or scattering trees growing up by the pasture fence or roadside—but there is no uniform and systematic method of feeding them to farm stock. There is, moreover, a very conflicting opinion in regard to their worth; some asserting that they are valuable for horses, cows and swine; while others regard them as containing no nourishment; and some say positively that they "dry up" milch cows. These loose statements led Prof. F. H. Storer, of the Bussey Institution, (connected with Harvard College, Mass.,) to make some careful and accurate analyses to obtain the feeding value of sour apples. And it may here be remarked that it is sour apples about which so much diversity of value has been held—it having been generally understood that sweet apples possess positive value as food for swine and for milch cows, while they have also, in many instances, been fed to horses with decided advantage. In conducting the examinations alluded to, Prof. Storer made seperate analyses of the flesh and skin of the Baldwins and Russets, and also of pomace—in all, five analyses. But it will be readily understood that the composition of apples being so little like that of the roots and grasses ordinarily used as fodder, it is difficult in the absence of any correct knowledge of these constituents to say what fodder should be given in connection with them, in order that their corresponding parts may be properly utilized by the animals. Hence the uncertainty and doubt that has obtained in regard to the value of apples — especially sour apples. As a result of the above analyses, Baldwins were found to contain 84 per cent. of water, 0.21 per cent. of albuminoids, and 14 1-2 per cent. of carbo hydrates, including fat. Russets contained a little less water, a little more albuminoids and nearly 16 1-2 per cent. of carbo hydrates. The analyses of the parings of the apples resulted in showing much less water and a considerably larger per cent. (23 1-2 in the skin of Russets) of carbo hydrates, than in the flesh of the apple. Pomace gave 77 1-4 per cent. of water, one-half per cent. of albuminoids and nearly 17 1-2 per cent. of fat to farmers.

In a chemical point of view, the noticeable feature in the composition of the pomace is the very small proportion of albuminoids contained in it, as compared with the amount of carbo hydrates. Practically, the analyses show that the exceedingly small proportion of nitrogen—a mere trace—contained in the apple, indicates very clearly the necessity of testing, in connection with it, some kind of fodder exceptionally rich in nitrogenous constituents, such as peas, beans, oil cake, fish scraps, etc. So that boiled sour apples and oat and pea meal mixed together, form, as many farmers have proved by experience, a good food for swine. It would appear from the analyses that there is actually less food in a pound of apples than in a pound of potatoes; Prof. Storer suggests that the comparative value of apples and potatoes can be determined by competitive trials, in which each of these kinds of food is supplemented by other kinds that are competent to supply the constituents which are lacking in the apples or potatoes, as the case may be.

In regard to pomace, it may be said that it contains only a very small proportion of matters useful as food for plants. In fact it contains so little of nitrogen and ashes, that it has no fertilizing power, except in so far as it may be useful for mulching. As a food for stock it very closely resembles that of apples, and it demands the same kinds of additions to render it of any value. In addition to this, we have one interesting fact to state. The very small amount of nitrogen and of ash in the apple shows how little an orchard tends to exhaust the soil on which it grows, provided the conditions are such that the leaves falling from the trees can be retained upon the ground beneath. An analyses of apple ash shows that a thousand pounds of fresh apples would carry off no more than eight-tenths of a pound of potash, and one-third of a pound phosphoric acid.

There are 73,840 farms in Virginia, of which 45,028 are under one hundred acres.

Wastes of the Farm.

The following is the pungent manner in which the "American Agriculturist" goes for those small leaks of the farm, which are of themselves generally overlooked, but the attention to which proves the difference between profit and loss, both of time and substance. It says:

"These small matters which in many manufacturing establishments give a fair profit, such as preventing or utilizing wastes, are scarcely studied on the farm. If a horse has a habit of throwing his food out of the manger, it is supposed that the chickens will pick it out of the manure, but what is left in the morning, after the rats have helped themselves during the night amounts to but little, if any. Scores of such little matters abound all over the farm. Mice in the granary and mows, and rats in the crib; lice on the cattle and poultry, and ticks on the sheep; hay cut a little late; weeds suffered to grow a little too long; a little break left until it becomes a costly one; working with dull tools; being a little behindhand in everything; all these and many others, amount in the aggregate to a loss which, if saved, would be in themselves a fair profit. The general unthrift that accompanies this habit of waste, discourages the children, and they hope for the time when they can escape and do better somewhere else. It is thus in nearly all those cases where we hear that farming, really the best business possible, does not pay, and no man can long carry on a business that is not profitable, without discouragement and disgust.

Miscellaneous.

An Astonished Bostonian.

A few weeks since a resident of Boston, who had been passing a year in Texas, started for home with his wife, to renew his business connections in Boston. He reached Little Rock a few days after the 17th of June, and, having recorded his name and residence, was shown to his room. He had scarcely dusted his coat and washed up, when a rap at the door was given. Upon opening it he found three strangers.

"You are from Boston, I think?" said the spokesman.

"Boston is my native place, and Boston is my destination," replied the gentleman.

"Well, you are the gentleman we are looking after," continued the Little Rocker. "We want you to step down stairs a few minutes."

"Don't go," said his wife, who had unpleasant reminiscences of past unpleasantness.

"We want you to go, too," continued the gentleman.

"Well, what does all this mean?" said the Bostonian. "Has anything broken, gentlemen?"

"Broken?" reiterated another member of the self-appointed committee. "Havn't you read the newspaper?"

"Have not seen a newspaper for three days," was the reply.

"Well, my friend," he continued, "Massachusetts and South Carolina have buried the hatchet on Bunker Hill, and Maryland and Virginia saw it accomplished. But come down stairs, for we've got something on ice, and as you are the first Bostonian that we have got hold of, we propose to have the deed of reconciliation between Arkansas and old Massachusetts signed and witnessed right here and now."

The Bostonian was a little dazed, but he went down stairs, where he was received with cheers. He was interviewed by the local editor, he and his wife were shown the beauties of the place in the best turn-out in the city, and he was sent on his way rejoicing, with his hat chalked and his hotel bill paid. He now states that he is prouder than ever of old Boston, and relates the incident as indicative of the effect of the greetings given to our visitors by the people of Boston on the occasion of the centennial of the battle of Bunker Hill.

Agricultural Stations.

A short time ago one of the speakers at a farmers' club described the agricultural stations of Europe, and recommended similar experimental stations for every State and Territory in the Union. He added that Connecticut was about to move in the matter, and we see it has done so by the selection of the Wesleyan University, Middletown, for the first station. The plan is to appropriate $700 quarterly, for testing fertilizers and carrying on investigations in agricultural chemistry. The extensive laboratory of the institution and its very able professor of chemistry render this selection eminently appropriate, and we doubt not the success of this station will be such as to induce other States to establish something similar speedily.

The extent to which investigation into the properties of different kinds of soils, clays, marls, muck, peat, and so forth, may be profitably carried, remains to be seen, for it may yet be found that some regions have just the fertilizers they most need within themselves, lying useless for want of the knowledge how to treat them and apply them. Some kinds of clay, for instance, are very rich in plant food, and others are as barren as brick dust. To know which is which and apply the good as manure for sandy soils, where it can be done without much expense of carriage, would be very profitable. The knowledge where to apply plaster or salt, or lime, and on what soils any or all of them would do no good, is exceedingly important for farmers, as much money and labor has been lost for want of it. The frauds in guano, bone dust and chemical manures, which have so afflicted farmers, would be detected at once at the agricultural station, and merchants would be careful what they sold hereafter, if they valued their reputation or their business.

Her First Kiss.

It is a singular fact that the custom of kissing is altogether unknown in China. The Chinese, indeed, have no word expressing love as we understand the passion. An American navy officer, voyageing Chinawards, narrates an amusing experience of ignorance of the Chinese maidens of the science of kissing. Wishing to complete a conquest he had made of a young meijin (beautiful lady), he invited her—using the English words—to give him a kiss. Finding her comprehension of his request somewhat obscure, he suited the action to the word and took a delicious kiss. The girl ran away into another room, thoroughly alarmed, exclaiming: "Terrible man-eater, I shall be devoured." But in a moment, finding herself uninjured by the salute, she returned to his side, saying, "I would learn more of your strange rite. Ke-e-es me." He knew it wasn't "right," but he kept on instructing her in the rite of "ke-e-es me" until she knew how to do it like a native Yankee girl, and after all that, she suggested a second course by remarking, "Ke-e-es me some more *seen jine*. Mee see kee!" (Anglice American) and the lesson went on until her mama's voice rudely awakened them from their delicious dream.

Banks and Bankers.

MOSES THOMPSON, JOHN I. THOMPSON, WM. THOMPSON, JR.

JOHN I. THOMPSON & CO.

BANKERS.

LEMONT, CENTRE CO., PA.

v6n1-1y

H. BROCKERHOFF, Pres't. J. D. SHUGERT, Cash'r

CENTRE COUNTY BANKING CO., receive Deposits and allow Interest, Discount notes, Buy and sell Government Securities, Gold and Coupons. v6n1-1y.

E. C. HUMES, Pres't. J. P. HARRIS, Cash'r.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Bellefonte, Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa. v6n1-1y.

Professional Cards.

JOHN F. POTTER, Attorney at Law, Bellefonte, Pa. oct27'70-tf.

J. G. LOVE, Attorney at Law, Bellefonte, Pa Office on High St. ja4'71-tf.

WM. P. WILSON, Attorney at Law, Bellefonte Pa. Office in Mrs. Benner's Building, Bellefonte Pa. v6n1-1y

A. O. FURST, Attorney-at-Law, office on High Street, corner of Diamond, second door from First National Bank. 6-1-tf

E. BLANCHARD. E. M. BLANCHARD.

E. & E. M. BLANCHARD, Attorneys-at-Law, Allegheny street, Bellefonte, Pa. v6-1-1y.

D. S. KELLER, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office North-west corner of Brockerhoff House, next door to Centre County Banking Co. 5-17-1y

D. F. FORTNEY, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Special attention given to the collection of claims. Office over Reynolds & Co.'s Bank. v6n1-1y.

JOHN H. ORVIS, C. T. ALEXANDER, C. M. BOWERS.

ORVIS, ALEXANDER & BOWERS, Attorneys-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Garman's building, opposite Court House. 6-1

BUSH, YOCUM & HASTINGS, Attorneys at Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office north-east corner of the Diamond, opposite First National Bank 7-1-1y

STITZER & MAGEE, Attorney's at law. Office on Allegheny St., over Reynolds' bank, Bellefonte, Pa. May be consulted in English or German.

Physicians and Dentists.

EDWIN S. DORWORTH, M. D., Physician and Surgeon. Office at his residence, on south side of Diamond, two doors above Garman's hotel. Calls promptly attended day or night. 6-14-tf

DR. J. W. RHONE, Dentist, has permanently located in Bellefonte, and may be found at all times at his office (and residence) in the "Turner Building," on Allegheny st., first door North of Wilson & Hicks' Hardware store. 7-13-tf

School in the Mountains.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

This institution for YOUNG LADIES AND GENTLEMEN will reopen its next regular session on

Wednesday, September 8, 1874,

Thorough instructions will be given in the

Elementary and Higher Branches

of study usually taught in our male and female seminaries. Terms, $5 to $7 per week, according to location of rooms. This includes the ordinary expenses of tuition, boarding and furnished rooms. For particulars apply to

REV. J. P. HUGHES,
july21-3m Principal

THIS PAPER IS ON FILE WITH

ROWELL & CHESMAN Advertising Agents,
PIKE & CHESTNUT STS., ST. LOUIS, MO

MEDICAL.

Wright's Rejuvenating Elixer.

For the restoration of Nature's forces. It gives new life and vigor to the aged, and causes the blood of youth to course through the veins. It effectually cures Impotency, Palpitation of the Heart, Loss of Muscular Power, Low Spirits, Disorganization of the Generative Organs, and all the train of ills that follow in the path of the transgressor of Nature's laws. Price $2 per bottle.

It will be readily understood that in the brief space afforded by the advertising columns of a public print, it is impossible to give all particulars of the diseases that may be cured by the CHEROKEE MEDICINES. That they are destined to become immensely popular is plainly obvious in consequence of their

GREAT INTRINSIC MERIT.

The pamphlet and circulars that accompany the medicines give all the information which cannot be given here, and the remedies may be had of any respectable druggist.

JOHN F. HENRY, CURRAN & CO., Wholesale Agents, New York.
METROPOLITAN MED. CO., Proprietors, New York.

ESTABLISHED 1853. ESTABLISHED 1853.

F. P. GREEN

DRUGGIST,

BUSH HOUSE BUILDING, BELLEFONTE, Keeps constantly on hand, or orders on short notice, a full assortment of everything usually kept in a first-class Drug Store. Particular attention given to preparing Physicians prescriptions, and family recipes. v6n1-1y.

PUT ON COSMOLINE.

Because wounded nature rapidly restores itself when thoroughly protected from atmospheric action. Science acknowledges a perfect application in COSMOLINE. No rancidity or decomposition. Healing without the slightest irritation or smarting. Leaves no scars. Results are astounding!

Any inflamation, old and corrupt sores, eruptions and sloughing wounds yield to it. It is Nature's faithful ally in the struggle. For Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Bruises, Boils, Blisters, Chafing, Poisons, Bites, Piles, Itching Tetter, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Mumps, Sore Throat, Coughing, Frosted Limbs, Chapped Skin.

Whoever Uses it Recommends It.

The Pomade of Cosmoline

never becomes rancid nor loses its rich perfume. It cures all scalp diseases, keeps the hair soft, glossy and free from gum.

☞ Ask for PLAIN COSMOLINE, or for COSMOLINE POMADE: 50 cents a bottle, with the above trade mark and the name of E. F. HOUGHTON & CO., Philadelphia.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS GENERALLY.
7-14-1y

Miscellaneous.

AGENTS WANTED.

At the rate this work is now selling it will attain a sale of

100,000 COPIES

before the canvass is complete. Presbyterian ministers without charge, or those in ill health who wish to regain it by open air exercise, students, laymen, and others who desire lucrative employment in a most respectable occupation, are solicited to apply for an agency to sell

"THE HISTORY OF THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH THROUGHOUT THE WORLD,"

a beautiful large octavo volume, illustrated with steel and wood engravings, which every Presbyterian family will want to possess. Applications for exclusive territory should be made at once.

Price in cloth, $4; French Morocco, $5; Half Turkey Morocco, $7; Full Turkey Morocco, $9.

Address DEWITT C. LENT & CO., 446 Broome Street, New York. 7-2-6m

"Unquestionably the Best and Cheapest Fashion Journal ever published in America."

THE

"DOMESTIC" MONTHLY

A JOURNAL OF

Fashion, Literature, and Art.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

"How a Journal of Fashion can combine fashion and literature at very low terms is well shown by this periodical. The May number, besides a colored Fashion Plate, has thirty-six pages, profusely illustrated, on the fashions of costumes for ladies and children, seasonable fabrics, trimmings, millinery, *lingerie*, *coiffure*, and domestic art, and yet with all this there is room for poems and tales, by popular authors, notices of new books, etc., and the price of all this matter is only $1.50 per annum. Take it all in all, we know of no periodical of which readers get so much for their money as those of the 'DOMESTIC' MONTHLY."—*N. Y. Evening Mail.*

"If one wishes the latest information concerning the latest fashions, the 'DOMESTIC' MONTHLY is ready with the intelligence, aided by abundant illustrations. It does not, however, neglect current literature, as it contains poems, a serial story, some interesting miscellany, and art notes."—*N. Y. World.*

"It combines literary merit with a great deal of information in regard to ladies' costumes, fabrics, toilettes, etc. It is plentifully illustrated in its fashion articles, and its list of contributions is deserving of much praise."—*N. Y. Commercial Advertiser.*

"A far better periodical than many of the so-called weekly papers."—*Terrebonne Republican*, Houma, La.

"One of the best Fashion Magazines that comes to our office."—*Clarendon Press*, Manning, S. C.

"The most delightful of the Fashion Magazines."—*American Standard*, Jersey City, N. J.

"We can heartily recommend it."—*Iowa Madison (Iowa) Democrat.*

TERMS:

Postage free to all Subscribers in the United States.

One Copy, One Year, $1.50.

THE PRACTICAL PREMIUM of *ONE DOLLAR in the celebrated "Domestic" Paper Fashions is given to every subscriber.*

Agents Wanted Everywhere.

Better terms offered than by any other publishers. Send for Circular.

Specimen copy, 15 cents. If not to be had of your newsdealer, remit the amount to us. Address,

"DOMESTIC" MONTHLY, New York.

PINE GROVE ACADEMY AND SEMINARY.

JACOB RHONE,

PRINCIPAL.

The spring session commences Monday, April 26. Complete course of studies taught. Terms low. Good boarding at very low rates. Location healthy. This school affords an excellent opportunity to secure a good education without spending a fortune. For terms address

JACOB RHONE, A. M.
Pine Grove Mills, Pa.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SUI GENERIS.

MASON & HAMLIN CABINET ORGANS.

UNEQUALED if judged critically UNAPPROACHED in capacity and excellence by any others. Awarded

THREE HIGHEST MEDALS

AND **DIPLOMA OF HONOR** AT

VIENNA, 1873; PARIS, 1867.

ONLY American Organs ever awarded any medal in Europe, or which present such extraordinary excellence as to command a wide sale there.

ALWAYS awarded highest premiums at Industrial Expositions, **in America as well as Europe.** Out of hundreds there have not been six in all where any other organs have been preferred.

BEST Declared by Eminent Musicians, in both hemispheres, to be **unrivaled.** See TESTIMONIAL CIRCULAR, with opinions of more than **One Thousand** (sent free).

INSIST on having a Mason & Hamlin. Do not take any other. *Dealers get* LARGER COMMISSIONS *for selling inferior organs, and for this reason often try very hard to sell something else.*

NEW STYLES with most important improvements ever made. **New Solo** and **Combination Stops. Superb Etagere** and other **Cases** of **new designs.**

PIANO-HARP CABINET ORGAN An exquisite combination of these instruments.

EASY PAYMENTS. for monthly or quarterly payments; or rented until rent pays for the organ.

CATALOGUES and Circulars, with full particulars, free. Address MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN CO., 154 Tremont Street, BOSTON; 25 Union Square, NEW YORK; or 80 & 82 Adams St., CHICAGO.

GETZE'S SCHOOL FOR THE PARLOR **ORGAN**

THE BEST WORK For REED, CABINET, or PARLOR ORGANS is GETZE'S School for the Parlor Organ. *Sent by Mail. Price,* $2.50.

LEE & WALKER, Philada.

Trusses, Supporters and Pile Tripes. "Seeley's Hard Rubber Trusses."—Cool, cleanly, light, perfectly safe and comfortable, strapping, or poultice-like unpleasantness; used in bathing, endorsed by the profession, long tested, always reliable. BEWARE of IMITATIONS. Genuine stamped "L. B. Seeley." Sent by mail or exp., & sold by leading druggists. Send for catalogue. 286 Chest. St., Phila., & 737 Brdy., N. Y.

Mayer's Poultry Powder. Warranted, if used in time, to cure Chicken Cholera and Gapes. Nothing equal to it for fowls. Gives a beautiful color to comb and wattles and proper feeding. Quit grit and eggshell forming material always on hand. Keep Poultry free from all sour, rusty, chalky, with both profit and pleasure. Full directions for use. Ask your dealer. Sent free upon receipt of price. Address, A. C. MEYER & CO., Baltimore.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For the relief and cure of all derangements in the stomach, liver, and bowels. They are a mild aperient, and an excellent purgative. Being purely vegetable, they contain no mercury or mineral whatever. Much serious sickness and suffering is prevented by their timely use; and every family should have them on hand for their protection and relief, when required. Long experience has proved them to be the safest, surest, and best of all the *Pills* with which the market abounds. By their occasional use, the blood is purified, the corruptions of the system expelled, obstructions removed, and the whole machinery of life restored to its healthy activity. Internal organs which become clogged and sluggish are cleansed by *Ayer's Pills*, and stimulated into action. Thus incipient disease is changed into health, the value of which change, when reckoned on the vast multitudes who enjoy it, can hardly be computed. Their sugar-coating makes them pleasant to take, and preserves their virtues unimpaired for any length of time, so that they are ever fresh, and perfectly reliable. Although searching, they are mild, and operate without disturbance to the constitution or diet or occupation.

Full directions are given on the wrapper to each box, how to use them as a Family Physic, and for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor,** and **Loss of Appetite,** they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach, and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice** or **Green Sickness, Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers,** they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action, or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhœa,** but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back,** and **Loins,** they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings,** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression,** a large dose should be taken, as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill,* take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion, and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists,

LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

AMERICAN LINE

MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

ONLY

LINE CARRYING THE AMERICAN FLAG.

Sailing every Thursday from PHILADELPHIA

For QUEENSTOWN & LIVERPOOL.

CABIN, INTERMEDIATE & STEERAGE

Accommodations Unsurpassed,

Rates as low as by any other First-Class Line.

PETER WRIGHT & SONS, General Agents,
W. W. POTTER, PHILADELPHIA.
Penna. R. R. Office, Agnet, Bellefonte. 32-1y

Medicines, &c.

KEARNEY'S

FLUID EXTRACT

BUCHU

Is the only known remedy for

BRIGHT'S DISEASE

And a positive cure for GOUT, GRAVEL, STRICTURES, DIABETES, DYSPEPSIA, NERVOUS DEBILITY, DROPSY, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, Non-Retention or Incontinence of Urine, Irritation, Inflammation or Ulceration of the BLADDER AND KIDNEYS, Stermatorrhœa, Leucorrhœa or Whites, Irregular or painful Menses, Bearing Down, Chlorosis, debility and all complaints incident to females.

KEARNEY'S EXT. BUCHU

For Stone in the Bladder, Calculus Gravel or Brickdust Deposit and Mucus or Milky Discharges, and Diseases of the Prostate Gland.

KEARNEY'S EXTRACT BUCHU

cures Diseases arising from Imprudences, Habits of Dissipation, &c., in all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience and no exposure. It causes a frequent desire, and gives strength to urinate, thereby removing Obstructions, Preventing and Curing Strictures of the Urethra, Allaying Pain and Inflammation, and expelling all Poisonous matter.

Used by persons in the decline or change of life; after confinement or labor pains, bed-wetting in children, etc.

Prof. Steele says: "One bottle of Kearney's Extract Buchu is worth more than all other Buchus combined."

KEARNEY'S EXT. BUCHU

Permanently cures all affections of the Bladder, Kidneys, and Dropsical Swelling existing in Men, Women and Children, no matter what the age. Ask for Kearney's, Take no other. Price One Dollar per Bottle, or Six Bottles for Five Dollars.

DEPOT, 104 DUANE STREET, NEW YORK.

A Physician in attendance to answer correspondence and give advice gratis. Send stamp for pamphlet free.

FOR SALE BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

51-1y

Avoid Quacks & Imposters

No Charge for Advice and Consultation.

Dr. J. B. Dyott, graduate of Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, author of several valuable works, can be consulted on all diseases of the Sexual or Urinary Organs (which he has made an especial study) either in male or female, no matter from what cause originating or of how long standing. A practice of 30 years enables me to treat diseases with success. Cures guaranteed. Charges reasonable. Those at a distance can forward letter describing symptoms and enclosing stamp to prepay postage. Send for the Guide to Health. Price 10 cents.

J. B. DYOTT, M. D., Physician and Surgeon,
31-1y 194 Duane Street, New York.

DUTCHESS NURSERIES

Established 1863.

Nursery and Greenhouse Stock, Flower and Vegetable Seeds, Wholesale and Retail.

HIGHLAND HARDY RASPBERRY,

The Hardiest and Best Raspberry grown. (New) Seeds and Small Plants by Mail, postpaid. Send for Catalogues with Prices.

W. L. FERRIS, Jr., & CO.,
15 & 17 Academy St., Poughkeepsie, N. Y.
18-12t

ICE, ICE, ICE.

I take this method to inform the public that I will furnish Ice the following season at prices so low as to defy competition. To customers taking less than fifty pounds per day, per ℔, and those taking fifty pounds or more per day for the full season ½ cent per pound will be charged. Good ice and full weight will be given in every case.

These prices are as low as ice can possibly be furnished and I guarrantee to all my customers perfect satisfaction. J. E. HAUHENBERY.

14-tf

GALBRAITH & WHITE,

PLUMBERS,

GAS & STEAM FITTERS.

We pay particular attention to heating buildings by steam. Copper smithing and re-bronzing old gas fixtures done nicely and expeditiously. All our work warranted to give perfect satisfaction.

GALBRITH & WHITE,

Bellefonte, Pa.

17-1y

Fire-arms.

GREAT REDUCTION!

Good Revolvers - $4.50

Single Shot Guns $3 to $12.00

Double Guns $8 to $150.00

Powder, Shot, Cartridges,

BREECH-LOADING & MUZZLE-LOADING

SHOT GUNS & RIFLES

at the lowest possible rates.

FIREARMS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY REPAIRED.

SHOP ON HIGH STREET,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

THEODORE DESCHNER.

7-3-1y

FURNITURE WAREROOM.

HOWARD STREET, BELLEFONTE, PA.

BUREAUS,
SOFAS,
LOUNGES,
HAT RACKS,
WHAT-NOTS,
EXTENSION TABLES,
CHAIRS,
STANDS,
STOOLS, &c.

of every description, quality and price, for sale cheaper than at any other establishment of the kind in Central Penn'a.

UNDERTAKER.

Ready-made Coffins, of all sizes and prices kept constantly on hand. Also Coffins manufactured to order.

v6n10-tf H. P. HARRIS.

Carriages.

S. A. McQUISTION

MANUFACTURER OF

Buggies, Carriages,

Wagons Sleighs, &c..

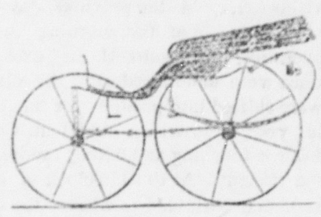
REPAIRING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO!

SHOPS NEAR THE DEPOT, BELLEFONTE PA. 5-4-1y

REMOVAL.

J. P. BULLOCK & SON,

MANUFACTURERS OF



BUGGIES AND CARRIAGES,

SPRING WAGONS, SLEIGHS, &c.

AND LUMBER WAGONS

Having been burnt out by the late fire in Milesburg, we have decided to remove to Bellefonte, and are now occupying the Pattern Shop of the

OLD FOUNDRY,

NEAR REYNOLDS' MILL.

Thankful to our friends for past favors we solicit a continuance of their patronage at our new establishment.

Repairing Neatly and Carefully Done,

and satisfaction guaranteed.

Our motto is, **As Cheap as the Cheapest and Good as the Best.**

7-23-1y

Stoves.

W. T. TWITMIRE,

dealer in

Stoves, Tinware

WOODEN WARE

and all kinds of

KITCHEN FURNITURE

also]

COAL OIL

and Coal Oil Lamps and Chimneys, Roofing & Spouting promptly done. Our motto, as cheap as the cheapest and as good as the best. No. 4 Bush's Arcade, store formerly occupied by Lonbarger.

6-tf

W. WETSLER,

DEALERS IN

STOVES

OF THE LATEST AND BEST IMPROVED PATTERNS

TIN WARE

MANUFACTURED FROM THE

BEST QUALITY OF TIN,

AND SOLD AS CHAEP IF NOT CHEAPER THAN AT ANY OTHER PLACE IN TOWN.

SPOUTING

a Specialty, and all orders attended to promptly and satisfactorily.

STORE OPPOSITE BUSH HOUSE, BELLEFONTE, PA.

5-33-tf

Watches.

WATCHMAKER'S

REMOVAL.

F. C. RICHARDS

takes this opportunity to inform his friends that he has removed to the new building lately erected by Blanchard & McCafferty, next door to the office of Alexander & Co., on High St. At his new store he has increased facilities for doing business and guarantees entire satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage. Clocks, watches and jewelry repaired upon shortest notice. vol7-no8-tf

CAR SHOPS.

BELLEFONTE

CAR MANUFACTURING CO.,

(Successor to W. V. Hughes.)

BELLEFONTE

Manufactures and keeps always on hand

WHITE AND YELLOW

PINE FLOORING,

Weather boarding, of various styles,

Sash,

Blinds,

Doors,

Mouldings,

Brackets,

Scroll Sawing of every Description,

and Brackets of all sizes made to order.

Having a

BUCKLEY'S PATENT LUMBER DRYER

Connected with our establishment, we are enabled to manufacture our work from

THOROUGHLY SEASONED LUMBER

Orders from CONTRACTORS, BUILDERS, DEALERS, and the trade generally solicited.

BELLEFONTE CAR MANF'G CO.
5-25-tf. Bellefonte Centre o..Pa.

Philadelphia Advertisements

STAIR BUILDER. JOHN E. YEAGER, 518-20-22 & 24 North 20th St., Phila. Hand Railing of every description, Baluster and Newell Posts made to order at lowest prices. 15-12w

FINE BOOTS & SHOES For Gentlemen and Boys, also Riding Leggins at JACOB ZAUN & SON, 905 Arch St., Phila. 15-12w

IRON FENCES. The New Iron Nailed to Iron. The Best Iron Fence in the World, for Lots, Cemeteries, &c. Send for Circular to WICKERSHAM & BRO., 1003 Ridge Ave. Phila. 15-12w

WATCHES & JEWELRY. At the old established Stand of MOORE & BRO. 1031 Market Street, Philadelphia. 15-12w.

TO THE CITIZENS OF PENNSYLVANIA.—Your attention is specially invited to the fact that the National Banks are now prepared to receive subscription to the Capital Stock of the Centenial Board of Finance. The funds realized from this source are to be employedin the erection of the buildings for the International Exhibition, and the expenses connected with the same. It is confidently believed that the Keystone State will be represented by the name of every citizen alive to patriotic commemoration of the one hundred birth-day of the nation. The shares of stock are offered for $10 each, and subscribers will recieve a handsomely steel engraved Certificate of Stock, suitable for framing and preservation as a national memorial.

Interest at the rate of six per cent per annum will be paid on all payments of Centenial Stock from date of payment to January 1, 1876.

Subscribers who are not near a National Bank can remit a check or post-office order to the undersigned.

FREDK. FARLEY, Treasurer,
904 Walnut St., Philadelphia

Hotels.

RAIL ROAD HOUSE

Corner Front and Pine Street,

PHILIPSBURG, CENTRE CO., PA.

ROBERT LOYD, Prop'r.

The best of Liquors and Segars constantly on hand. The table is well supplied with the best the market affords. v4n25-1y

WEST STREET HOTEL.

Nos. 41, 42, 43 and 44 West St.,
NEW YORK.

A Temperance House,
ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN.

ROOMS 50 and 75 cents per Day, CHARGES very MODERATE. The best meats and vegetables in the market. BEST BEDS in the City.
6-28-1y B. T. BABBITT, Proprietor.

MERCHANTS HOTEL,

CUMMINGS & MAUGLE,

FOURTH ST.

A FEW DOORS ABOVE MARKET,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

The accomodations at the "Merchants" are first class and prices moderate. 6-9-tf

Boots and Shoes.

LOUIS DOLL,

BOOT & SHOE MANUFACTURER,

HIGH St., NEXT DOOR TO FELTY'S NEW BUILDING,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Has removed his Store from Felty's building to a new building erected expressly for his own use adjoining his old stand, where he will be pleased to meet his friends.

Repairing neatly and promptly attended to.
5-29-1y

POWERS'

BOOT & SHOE STORE,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

CHEAPEST AND BEST STOCK OF

BOOTS AND SHOES

of every description kept in Centre County, and selling at

PANIC PRICES.

FINE AND HEAVY SHOES FOR LADIES.

FINE & HEAVY BOOTS & SHOES FOR GENTLEMEN.

WE DEFY COMPETITION!

either in quality or prices. Call and examine our new stock of Spring and Summer Goods, and you will find it to your advantage.

vol7no8-6m

CAUTION.—NOTICE.—The GENUINE EDITION.

Life and Labors of LIVINGSTONE,

(Including the "LAST JOURNALS,") unfolds vividly his 30 years strange adventures, also the curiosities, Wonders and Wealth of that marvelous country, and is absolutely the new, complete work. Hence IT SELLS; just think, 12,000 first 7 weeks. 835 pages, 100 rare Illustrations, only $3.00. Agents wanted. Send for TERMS and POSITIVE proof. HUBBARD BROS., Publishers, 723 Sansom St., Philadelphia, Pa. 37-4t

Miscellaneous.

KINGSFORD'S OSWEGO PURE AND SILVER GLOSS STARCH,

For the Laundry.

MANUFACTURED BY

T. KINGSFORD & SON.

BEST STARCH IN THE WORLD.

GIVES A BEAUTIFUL FINISH TO THE LINEN, and the difference in cost between it and common starch is scarcely half a cent for an ordinary washing. Ask your grocer for it.

KINGSFORD'S

Oswego Corn Starch,

FOR PUDDINGS, BLANC MANGE, Ice Cream, &c.

Is the original—Established in 1848. And preserves its reputation as PURER, STRONGER and MORE DELICATE than any other article of the kind offered, either of the same name or with other titles.

STEVENSON MACADAM, Ph. D., &c., the highest chemical authority of Europe, carefully analyzed this Corn Starch, and says it is a most excellent article of diet, and in chemical and feeding properties is fully equal to the best arrow root.

Directions for making Puddings, Custards, &c., accompany each one pound package.

For Sale by all First-class Grocers.

24-3m

AMERICAN WASH BLUE,

For Laundry and Household Use,

MANUFACTURED AT THE

American Ultramarine Works,

NEWARK, N. J.

Our Wash Blue is the best in the world. It does not streak, contains nothing injurious to health or fabric, and is used by all large laundries on account of its pleasing effect and cheapness. Superior for whitewashing. Put up in packages convenient for family use. Price 10 cents each.

For sale by grocers everywhere. Always ask for the American Wash Blue, if you want the cheapest and best.

AMERICAN ULTRAMARINE WORKS,
Office, 72 William Street New York.
24-3m

A FORTUNE IN $1.

The Wyoming Lottery draws on the 15th and 30th of each month, and $200,000 in Cash Gifts are in full, and no deductions. Capital Gift.

$50,000; Second Gift, $25,000; Third, $20,000; Fourth, $10,000; Fifth, $8,000; Sixth, $5,000; besides 70,679 smaller gifts.

The Fifth Extraordinary will positively draw on July 28, 1875. Capital Gift, $100,000; Second, $50,000; Third, $25,000; Fourth, $20,000; 51,021 smaller gifts, the whole amounting to $350,000, which is paid to ticket holders at each drawing. This Institution is Chartered by the Legislature, and each drawing is supervised by the legel authorities. An official list of drawn numbers sent by mail to ticket holders as soon as published. Tickets for either are $1 each, 6 for $5, 25 for $20. Agents wanted: Illustrated *Times* sent free to everybody, containing full particulars. Tickets sold up to the hour of drawing. Address,

ALLEN & CO.,
79 Nassau St., New York.

ADVERTISING: Cheap: Good: Systematic. All persons who contemplate making contracts with newspapers for the insertions of advertisements, should send 25 cents to Geo. P. Rowell & Co., 41 Park Row, New York, for their PAMPHLET-BOOK (ninety-seventh edition), containing lists of over 2,000 newspapers and estimates, showing the cost. Advertisements taken for leading papers in many states at a tremendous reduction from publishers' rates. Get the book. 7-2-1y

THE BEST

PRAIRIE LANDS

IN

IOWA AND NEBRASKA,

FOR SALE BY

The Burlington & Missouri River RAILROAD CO.,

On Ten Year's Credit at 6 per cent. Interest.

ONE MILLION ACRES in Iowa and Southern Nebraska.

The finest country in the world to combine Farming and Stock Raising. The SOIL is rich and easily cultivated; CLIMATE warm; SEASONS long; Taxes low and EDUCATION Free. No payments required on principal till FIFTH year, and then ONE-SEVENTH EACH YEAR UNTIL PAID.

LAND EXPLORING TICKETS

Sold at important stations on the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad, and cost of same refunded when land is bought.

HALF FARE to families of purchase, and LOW FREIGHTS on household goods and farm stock.

TWENTY PER CENT. premium for cultivation.

LARGE DISCOUNT for Cash within one, two and three years.

PRODUCTS WILL PAY FOR LAND AND IMPROVEMENTS LONG BEFORE THE PRINCIPAL BECOMES DUE.

"The so-called destitution in Nebraska lies in the far western region, beyond the lands of the B. & M. R. R. Co."

☞ For circulars that will describe fully these lands, and the terms of sale, apply to or address,

LAND COMMISSIONER,
Burlington, Iowa, for Iowa lands,
or or Lincoln Neb., for Nebraska lands.
CHAS. S. MOCKS,
Lewistown, Pa. 21-3m

Were again awarded the highest premium, over all makers, at the late Franklin Institute Exhibition, and are the only First-class Instruments that can be obtained at Manufacturer's cost prices.

$300

For an Elegant 7⅓ oct. Rosewood Piano. The following are a few of the Principal Medals received.

First Prize Medal, (Franklin Institute,)		1874
" Silver "	(Grand Piano)	1858
" Prize "	Crystal Palace World Fair N Y	53
" Gold "	American Inst., N. Y	1848
" Prize "	Maryland Inst., Baltimore	1848
" Silver "	Franklin Inst., Phila.	1845

Pianos ordered by mail, are carefully selected, and remittance is not required, until the instrument is received and approved. All our styles and classes, are built of the same excellent material and workmanship. Every instrument is fully guaranteed.

☞ Write or send for illustrated catalogue, and price list, giving full description of styles, prices, etc.

SCHOMACKER PIANO MF'G CO.,
9-19t Warerooms 1109 Chestnut St., Phila.

Merchant Tailors.

WM. S. TRIPPLE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

McCAFFERTY'S NEW BUILDING, Opposite Depot,

Has just received a large invoice of GENTLEMENS'

FURNISHING GOODS.

of the latest styles,

FASHIONABLE SUITS

MADE TO ORDER AT

LOW CASH PRICES.

v5-12-1y

Merchant Tailoring Establishment

NO. 7, BROCKERHOFF'S ROW,

BELLEFONTE PA

THE undersigned takes pleasure in informing the citizens of Centre county and the public generally, that he is just opening a

Splendid and Rich Assortment of *Foreign* and Domestic

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,

AND

VESTINGS,

Which he is prepared make to order in the latest and most fashionable styles, for men or boys. Goods sold by the piece or by the yard. He also keeps on hand a full line o

Gents Furnishing Goods

of every style and variety, consisting of

HATS AND CAPS,
STRAW GOODS,
MUSLIN OR LINEN SHIRTS,
Underclothes for Summer or Winter Wear, Suspenders, Hose, Neck Ties, Collars, both Paper and Linen, Handkerchiefs.

The best manufacture of KID GLOVES—"The Jouvin"—a full assortment of sizes, colors &c., on hand.

JOHN MONTGOMERY,
No. 7, Brockerhoff Row, Bellefonte, Pa.
v4n34-1y

MERCHANT TAILORING.

NO. 7 FOUR BROCKERHOFF ROW,

ALLEGHENY STREET,

BELLEFONTE, PENN'A.

Just received by

WM. M'CLELLAN,

a most complete stock of

CLOTHS.

CASSIMERES

AND VESTINGS;

which he is prepared to make to order in the latest and most fashionable style for men or boys.

Particular attention given to cutting and fitting.

He also keeps on hand a full line of

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

of every style and variety, consisting of hats and caps, straw goods, muslin or linen shirts, undercloth for summer or winter wear, suspenders, hose, neck-ties, collars, both paper and linen, handkerchiefs.

The best manufacture of Kid Gloves, a full assortment of sizes, colors, etc., on hand.

WM. M'CLELLAN,

No. 4 Brockerhoff Row, Bellefonte, Pa.
5-13—tf

Expresses.

SOLOMON DERR.—Hereby gives notice to his old friends and the business community generally that he has a good team of horses, and that he is prepared at all times to deliver lumber, flour, feed, or baggage, or anything else in his line, to any part of the town or County. Everything committed to his care, will be attended to punctually. 4-28-1y.

ISAAC LOSE Takes this Method to inform his friends and the public generaly that he is prepared to do all kinds of express business and will deliver promptly to any point in Bellefonte or the county anything that may be trusted to his care. Thankful for past favors asks a continuence of public favor. 5-6-1

JNO. D. SOURBECK.

LOCAL EXPRESS.

A local expressing promptly attends to reasonable rates.

Also, proprietor of all the bill boards in town

BILL POSTING A SPECIALTY.

5-16 1y

Shaving Saloons.

M. S. GRAHAM, Fashionable Barber, in Basement of the Conrad House Bellefonte Pa. The best of Razors, sharp and keen, always on hand. He guarantees a SHAVE without either pulling or pain. Perfumery, Hair Oil Hair Restoratives, &c., constantly on hand. WARM AND COLD BATHS. 5-1-tf

WM. MILLS,

FASHIONABLE BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER.

Pleasant rooms and experienced workmen, Felty's new building, High Street, Bellefonte, Pa. 5-29-1y

DR. T. BROWN, NO. 82 SECOND AVENUE, between Wood and Market Streets, Pittsburgh, continues to guarantee his cures in cases of PRIVATE DISEASES. His remedies are prepared by himself. No patient will be sent to a druggist for his medicine. Having had a large experience in a practice of over 30 years, he can insure relief in a few days. Terms low and cures certain. Delicate disease, liver complaint, palpitation of the heart, strictures diseases of the bladder and kidneys, general debility and nervousness yield readily to his treatment. All letters containing a fee or postage stamp promptly answered. 26-4t

WYOMING SEMI-MONTHLY

LOTTERY

Legalized by the Legislature. Draws on the 15th and 30th of each month. Tickets $1 each, 6 for $5. 1 chance in 5. $200,000 in cash prizes. Capital Prize $50,000. Agents wanted. Particulars. Address J. M. PATTEE, Laramie City, Wyoming. 26-12t

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Lodge Directory.

Bayard Post, No. 90, G. A. R., meets every Monday evening, at 7 o'clock, in Bush's Arcade.

Bellefonte Council, No. 270, O. U. A. M., meets every Tuesday evening, at 7 o'clock, in Bush's Arcade.

Bellefont Lodge, No. 190, K. of P., meets every Friday evening, at their hall, in Meek's Building, opposite the Bush House.

Centre Lodge, No. 153, I. O. O. F., meets every Thursday evening at the Odd Fellow's hall. Degree meetings first Saturday of each month.

Minerva (Rebekah Degree) Lodge, No. 58, meets on the Saturday night next to and immediately before the full of the moon of each month, in Odd Fellow's hall.

Bellefonte Encampment, No. 72, I. O. O. F., meets at the Odd Fellow's hall on the second and fourth Mondays of every month.

Bellefonte Lodge, No. 268, A. Y. M., meets on Tuesday evening, at 7 o'clock, on or before each moon, in Masonic Lodge, Bush's Arcade.

Bellefonte Chapter, 243, R. A. M. meets on Thursday night preceeding the second Friday of each month, in Masonic Lodge.

onstans Commandery, No. 3, K. T., meets e second Friday evening of each month. in Masonic Lodge.

Bellefonte and County.

PENN'A STATE COLLEGE.

Commencement Exercises.

CROWDS OF PEOPLE—A MEMORABLE WEEK.

Every Alumnus, returning to spend commencement week at the Penn. State College, cannot but feel a justifiable pride in the outward apperance, at least, of his Alma Mater.

He need not now drive up the shady avenue from the hotel to the college, between the rows of hedge, over-shadowed by willows and maples; on the Southern end of the campus, at the unique looking ground-keepers lodge, begins a wide avenue, lined on either side with maples, which winds up through the broad, handsome grounds to the summit of College Hill. Standing on the old familiar steps of the main entrance, as he looks around him, he notices that the Campus is more beautiful than ever. Rows of neatly trimmed hedges skirt the lanes and avenues in all directions. Immediately in front, is an eliptical area, a dozen or more rods in length, enclosed by a beautiful hedge, and, in the centre, a rustic fountain sends heavenward its crystal stream. Rare trees and schrubbery relieve the wide area; and the closely cut grass shaded by so much foliage, is just the place where old students would like to lounge and review their college life. Visitors you see every where. Some strolling through the gardens, where the useful and ornamental are combined in acres of vegetation, hot-houses and flowers. Landscape gardening has been the hobby of somebody hereabouts and his models are the admiration of scores of ladies and gentleman strolling through the numberless inter-winding walks. Everything and everybody appear to have a place peculiarly fitted to their use. The young gentleman and lady visitors enjoy the shade of the willows; the farmers inspect the experimental crops in the fields, or discuss the merits of scores of old and new useful and useless agricultural impliments ranged about the exhibition grounds. The delegates to the college and parents with their sons, on a visit of inspection, are touring it through the halls, peeping into society rooms; examining the library rooms, in which there are three handsome rooms and valuable libraries; wondering at the sights in the chemical laboratories; spending hours in running over the State Zoological collections of Prof. Rogers, the College Herbarium, Zoological department, the Armory, the department of Telegraphy, and, finaly, to the dome, where the College bell sounds the passing hours in rich tones that are heard miles and miles away. The view from this point is indescribably grand. No description will do it justice; it must be seen to be appreciated. The two great valleys—Nittany and Penn—seem to meet at your feet, while Nittany Mountain, the dividing range, melts away, as it were, into beautiful fields and groves and clear waters. Away to the south, the Tussey mountain bounds the view, and, northward, the Muncy mountains appear to be clad in etherial blue. The man who turns from such a view, with the

> Calm and still light on that great plain
> That sweeps with all its harvest bowers,
> And crowded farms and lessening towers
> To mingle with the spanless main,

without a deep sense of his own individual littleness and insignificance, is too self-conceited to enjoy good health.

A number of friends of the college had arrived in time for the Baccalaureate sermon by President Calder on Sunday, the 25th.

The examination of classes on Monday attracted no unusual attention, more than that the visitors became plentier.

On

TUESDAY

the examinations were concluded, and there were hundreds of people present to witness the trial of mowers, a report of which will be found in these proceedings, but the principal feature was the Class Day examinations of '75. These were a complete success. This is pre-eminently the student's day, and consequently the most popular of any during the commencement. The weather was cool and cloudy, without tokens of rain sufficiently grave to disturb the pleasures. Class days, in many colleges of late years, has taken precedence of all others, even of commencement day; but here, all interest appeared to centre in the latter.

WEDNESDAY

was a lovely day, cool and clear. Hundreds of visitors arrived during the course of the forenoon. At 10 o'clock the annual meeting of the board of trustees took place. All the trustees were present except two. They were in session nearly all day and they did not waste much time. General James A. Beaver, president of the Board, presided as usual. It was impossible to learn all the changes and improvements that were made. They were many and the next college year will prove the wisdom of them. One thing is certain, they have a *man* at their head. General Beaver does not assume the duties of any position, without filling the bill. His energy, foresight and hardy good sense, make him a power anywhere and in any capacity. The triumphant success of the college is something that lies very near his heart; and if it does not soon become the pride of its patrons and an honor to the state, it will not be the General's fault. We saw him on Wednesday night, after having been incessantly engaged from early morning, at nearly twelve o'clock, in company with Professor John Hamilton, directing the hanging a lot of pictures in the college parlors.

One of the important doings of the trustees, was the establishing of a chair of Modern Languages and Military Instruction. Colonel A. Grabowskii Ph. D., was elected to fill the position. This gentleman is a man of remarkable ability and attainments, and is perhaps the most valuable addition made to the college during the year.

Rev. Professor J. S. W. Dean was promoted to the chair of Latin Language and Literature.

Prof. J. T. Loveweli, Ph. D., of Yale college, was elected to the chair of Chemestry and Physics *vice* H. Collier, A. M. resigned.

Miss Lizzie J. Smith, a highly accomplished lady and graduate of the Baxter Musical University, was elected preceptress and musical instructor.

James F. Sloan, A. B., the valedictorian of the class of '75, was elected assistant professor in the preparatory department.

Treasurer Hamilton reported the financial condition of the college to be steadily improving, particularly since January last, and a steady reduction of the floating debt.

MEETING OF DELEGATES.

The annual meeting of the Delegates to elect the trustees was held in the chapel at 1 o'clock P.M. General Beaver called the delegates to order; on motion of Judge Orvis, Hon. A. Smith, of Berks, was elected Chairman, and Maj. S. W. Starkweather, of Lycoming, Secretary; Hons. D. Kaine, of Fayette, and J. C. Turner, of Chester, were appointed Tellers. The roll of delegates was called and the following named gentlemen were found to be present:

Allegheny—Geo. Spaulding, Geo. Y. McKee, James Kelley, Finley Torrence.
Berks—Dr. A. Smith, Jacob G. Zerb, John B. Holloway.
Bucks—W. C. Blackfair.
Centre—John H. Orvis, Samuel Gilliland, Leonard Rhone.
Clinton—J. B. G. Kinsloe.
Indiana—W. F. Jameson, Harry Bryant, Geo. W. Wood.
Lycoming—D. H. Forcsman, S. W. Starkweather, Joseph Gilmer.

The delegates proceeded to an election of three Trustees to fill the vacancy made by the expiration of term of office of Hons. Frederick K. Watts, A. Wilson Taylor, and Joseph Turner. The following named gentlemen were placed in nomination: John McFarland, Indiana; Frederick Watts, Cumberland; Wm. Yocum, Berks; S. S. Darlington, Chester; John H. Orvis, Centre; A. W. Taylor, Indiana; J. C. Turner, Chadd's Ford. The Latter gentleman declined the nomination. A ballot was then taken and the chair announced the election of A. Wilson Taylor, John H. Orvis, and J. S. Darlington.

The Board of Trustees now consists of the following gentlemen:

General James A. Beaver, President;
James Calder, D. D. Secretary;
Prof. John Hamilton, Treasurer;
Gov. John F. Hartranft, Hon. M. S. Quay, Sec. Commonwealth; Geo. Scott, Catawissa; A. Wilson Taylor, Indiana; Daniel Kaine, Uniontown; Francis Jordon, Harrisburg; James Kelley, Pittsburg; Wm. T. Hildrup, Harrisburg; Wm. H. Holstien, Bridgeport; John H. Orvis, Bellefonte; J. L. Darlington, Chester.

The new trustees were elected to serve for three years. After the ballot, President Calder made an informal report of the workings of the College during the past year. His statements showed that the institution had made marked advancement in the following particulars: 1. That, notwithstanding the financial crisis, the number of students has been fully up to previous years. 2. The faculty has been enlarged by the addition of two chairs, and further additions are contemplated. 3. Unexampled good order and harmony have prevailed. 4. Much religious interest has been manifested among the students. Since February last, a majority of them have become members of different branches of the Christian church. 5. The only incubus upon the institution, are matters of finance, beyond the control of the president and faculty. General Beaver, for the board of trustees, said that he had visited the College monthly during the last year to attend the meetings of the executive committee. He knew from personal knowledge that in his statements President Calder had dealt mildly with the facts, that much more had been accomplished during the past year, by the college, than had been said to the delegates. He also spoke of the satisfactory improvements made during the year on the College farm and of the improvements in and about the College buildings.

Shortly before four o'clock the trial of reapers took place. This was witnessed by nearly five hundred persons. The following is the report of the committee:

TRIAL OF MOWERS AND REAPERS.

PENN'A STATE COLLEGE, July 28, 1875.

To the President of the Penn'a State College:

The undersigned, appointed a committee to conduct the trial of mowers and reapers at the farm of of the Pennsylvania State College during the Commencement exercises of Session 1874-5 of that institution, have the honor to submit the following report, viz:

That the trial of mowers and reapers was made on the afternoon of July 28. For the former, seven entries presented themselves; for the latter, six. See annexed table. A field of timothy and clover was, by the Professor of Agriculture, placed at the disposal of the committee for the trial of the first class of machines; a field of Excelsior oats for the second class of machines.

The perfection to which the cutting apparatus of mowers has been brought rendered it very difficult for the committee to decide as to the superiority of the work done. They examined, therefore, with reference to draught, simplicity of construction, etc., and report as per adjoined table:

Name of Mower.	Rank	Draft	Length of cutting bar	Simplicity	Noise
Single machines.					
Eagle	1	170	4.3	100	90
Champion	2	180	4.	95	80
W. A. Wood	3	190	4.3	95	80
Kirby Mower	4	200	4.3	90	80
Comb'd Mowers.					
Russell	5	210	4.3	95	70
Hubbard	6	210	4.6	85	80
World	7	300	4.2	75	60

The work was well done by all, the timothy and clover used in the experiments being too high fully to test capacities.

In the trial of reapers, the committee's actions were based upon the same reasons as during the trial of mowers. They were, however, able to decide more definitely as to the neatness and effectiveness of the work done. To test this fully, during the latter part of the contest, the spectators were requested to walk repeatedly through the oats so as to beat down and tangle them, and the machines tried, also, under these less favorable circumstances. The committee reports as per adjoined table:

Name of Reaper	Rank	Length of Bar	Simplicity	Noise	Quality of Work
Russell	1	5.	90	80	100
Burdick	2	5.6	100	95	95
W. A. Wood	3	5.	80	90	90
Champion	4	5.	85	100	85
Wal. A. Wood	5	5.6	80	85	75
Hubbard	6	5.3	60	75	50

In the decision upon simplicity, noise, and quality of work, 100 was taken as the maximum standard and 50 as the minimum.

SAMUEL GILLILAND,
A. GRABOWSKII,
JOHN H. ORVIS,
JOHN A. WOODWARD,
Committee.

At five o'clock the college cadets made their appearance upon the campus, in full uniform and headed by the college drum corps. Captain James F. Sloan commanded the battalion and put them through the various drills of infantry tactics. They are a fine, healthy looking set of men, and in their movements displayed the precision and bearing of veterans. There was not a sickly looking youth among them. Military drill, out-door sports, frequent excursions, and occasional turns at agricultural pursuits, together with healthful food and an invigorating atmosphere is calculated to develop the frailest constitution.

The authorities also have an agricultural habit of making boarders in the college retire at ten o'clock.

The principal feature of the day's doings was the contest for the "Kaine Prize." This is a prize awarded at each Commencement to that member of the Junior Class who shall excel in the production and delivery of the best English oration. There was a very large attendance of spectators and every seat in the chapel was occupied. President Calder presided. Hon. Francis Jorden, late Secretary of the Commonwealth, John A. Woodward, president of the Centre County Agricultural Society, and D. H. Hastings, of Bellefonte, were appointed judges to decide upon the merits of the contestants, and award the prize. The orations were all of a high order, equally a credit to the orators and the instructors. The following programme was observed:

MUSIC.

Prayer.

MUSIC.

Oration—"Progress," James M. Stull, Harriottsville.
Oration—"The Founders of Great Nations," Chas. M. Calder, State College.
Oration—"Passing Away," B. Franklin Keller, Boalsburg.
Oration—"Obedience to law," Ross W. Barrows, Lock Haven.

MUSIC.

Oration—"The Essentials of National Prosperity," Wm. M. Manly, Richmond, Va.
Oration—"Retribution," Ellis L. Orvis, Bellefonte.
Oration—"Man," Chauncy F. York, Sherman, Mich.

MUSIC.

Decision of Judges.

PRAYER.

Benediction.

At the conclusion of Mr. York's oration, the judges retired, returning in a few moments, with the following report:

JUDGES' REPORT.

To the President of the Penn'a State College:

The undersigned, appointed to report upon, and award the Kaine Prize for the best English oration, have performed the delicate duty imposed upon them.

The successful competitor may have been excelled in voice by others, but by none in self-possession and general treatment of the subject. His methods of conveying thought were equal to any of his competitors; and, in several important particulars, clearness, simplicity, strength of argument, and clearness and beauty of thought and expression, he, in our opinion, is entitled to the award. We therefore decide in favor of Ellis L. Orvis.

FRANCIS JORDAN,
D. H. HASTINGS,
JOHN A. WOODWARD,
Committee.

Thursday was the closing and crowning day of the Commencement week. Scattered numbers of the Alumni had gathered in during the week, to honor the old home, and join in the festivities. Upon her beautiful green, and within her numerable halls, they gathered, to renew old friendships, to keep green the memories of the past, and to bid "God-speed" to the young men who were about to leave their alma mater for the serious business of life. Commencement day is looked forward to as the greatest of the course. The day is given over to the Senior Class who take possession of the place. The buildings are given over to their use, and the grounds are reserved for their festivities. The halls echo to their strains of music, and the College authorities are scarcely more than honored guests. Such was the programme for Thursday; but a stubborn, steady rain storm had set in during the night, and the forenoon, without, was chilly and gloomy. Inside, however, was as stirring and exciting as ever, except perhaps there were fewer visitors than on the previous day. At the conclusion of the morning chapel exercises, the results of the examinations were announced and the classes were shifted into position for the coming year, after which President Calder made a touching and telling address to the students. At 10-30 o'clock a large audience assembled to witness the commencement exercises. At precisely the hour appointed, the president and faculty, followed by the College trustees, the graduating Class, the Juniors, Sophmores and Freshmen in, order, marched into the hall and took their respective places, the president, faculty, and trustees occupying the stage. The walls were elegantly decorated with paintings, evergreens, class motto's and the like. The exercises following were as follows:

MUSIC.

Prayer.

MUSIC.

Salutatory Address—oration—"Storms," John J. Wallace, Coal Bluffs.

MUSIC.

Oration—"Per aspera ad astra," Wm. Calder, Jr., Harrisburg.

MUSIC.

Oration—"Conflict the Price of Victory," J. Edwin Glenn, Mansfield Valley.

MUSIC.

Oration—"Moral Greatness"—valedictory address—James F. Sloan, Lock Haven.

MUSIC.

Conferring of Degrees.
Awarding of prizes.

MUSIC.

Benediction.

The orations were good, and will compare favorably with those of any College in the Country. The valedictory was a masterly production, and the honor-man's farewell to the president, faculty, societies, and class-mates was exceedingly impressive. There were few dry eyes in the audience and the faculty and graduating class gave visible tokens of deep emotions. The degrees were conferred by the president in a touching manner, after which the graduates, diplomas in hand, filed to their seats. The distribution of class prizes and honors followed, these being made also by the president, as follows:

The "Arithmetic Prize," the gift of Prof. Allen to that student in the Preparatory course who excelled in Written Arithmetic, was awarded to Thomas C. Houtz, of Lemont, the prize being a handsome set of drawing instruments.

The "McAllister Prize," the gift of General James A. Beaver, to that member of the freshman class, excelling in studies preparatory to admission to College, was awarded to Edward H. Christie, of Baltimore; prize, Webster's Unabridged Dictionary.

The "Kaine Prize" mentioned above, to Ellis L. Orvis, of Bellefonte, Macaulay's History of England.

The "Orvis Prize," given by Hon. John H. Orvis, to the excelling student in the mathematical studies of the Sophomore year, was taken by Marion J. Chambers, of Pleasant Gap; prize, "Half Hours with the Best Authors," in four handsome volumes.

The "Montgomery County Prize," the gift of Wm. H. Holstien, Esq., to the Senior excelling in Physics, was awarded to James F. Sloan, of Lock Haven, the valedictorian; prize not announced.

The "President's Prize" to the student excelling in deportment, was carried off by John W. Heston, a fair faced freshman from Pleasant Gap; prize a check on Thompson's Bank, the amount, ($20.00) modestly withheld by the president. In conferring the degrees, President Calder spoke earnestly and impressively. To feel the full force of his words, one must see the man, hear his voice, and be familiar with his character and life. One remarkable fact is that every member of the graduating class and all but one of the Junior class are members of some Christian church. The Alumni dinner took place at 2. P. M. A rich repast was served, a delightful hour of communing with old friends, a reconfirmation of pledges, ample arrangements for the next annual meeting and the brotherhood broke into companies to while away the afternoon and live over again their College days.

The clouds dispersed and left a clear sky at sunset. The closing feature was the Presidents Levee at his residence in the evening. This over, and the exhausted graduate, as he passed out from the brilliant scenes in the President's parlors and the last strains of music died away on the midnight air, and the last guest had departed, felt with a joyous, yet aching heart, that his College career had closed.

THE DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATES.—As Saturday next will be the day of Democratic delegate elections in this county, and the County Convention takes place on Tuesday next (before another issue of our paper), we take the pleasure of laying before our readers the situation and probable chances of the candidates.

Sheriff—Spangler, of Centre Hall, and Munson, of Philipsburg, appear to be the leading contestants for the office of Sheriff. They are both lying about each other a good deal, and these things always have their weight. Henry Keller, of Harris, is making a pretty good show up there among the Grangers, but he is too good a man and will be sacrificed. George Hoffer, of Potter, lays awake nights inventing yarns on everybody opposed to him; and his friends are hopeful. David Lohr, of Benner, has every vote in his party promised to him; the rest he talked to death. R. B. Hartman, of Millheim, and Yony Kremer are travelling cahoot, and each is ready to sell out to the other at a moment's notice. But the wear and tear has set hard on Yony; he has lost over two hundred pounds of flesh, and has only a balance of three hundred pounds to travel on.

Treasurer—Dr. Dobbin's chances are pretty good for Treasurer, but as he doesn't belong to the ring he'll be sure to be counted out. Adams Yearick, of Marion, stays at home and attends to his business, and will continue to do so. So will Bob Holmes, the Jacksonville store-keeper. D. A. Musser, of Millheim, whose name is David Emanuel, thinks yet that the first letter in "Emanuel" is an "A." Daniel might come out "A" No. 1. John H. Barnhart, of Spring, a member of that eternal Barnhart family, whose ancestors paid taxes in this county before the Revolutionary War, knows a good deal about medicine, and "doctors" a little as he goes along. Christian Derr, the mild-mannered Chesterfield, is a poor man, would make a good officer, and ought to be the next Treasurer—therefore he won't get it. David Guise, of Potter, went back on Soloman W. K. Alexander, and is nowhere.

Prothonotary—Col. P. W. Barnhart, of Boggs, another member of that grand, gloomy and peculiar Barnhart family, is bound to work himself into the vaults of the Prothonotary's office. He wants to live and die in the service of his country. He has made all his arrangements for moving in, and sending Williams out; but, in case of defeat, he is prepared for the worst, and has even made ready the epitaph to be placed on his tomb stone, which runs as follows:

> Oh, bury me not in the wild wood,
> Oh, bury me not in the sea,
> But lay me down in the Court House vault
> And plug up the hole for the key.

Williams, Bob Bret, nor George Rumberger have any chance; nor even Barnhart, for Prothonotary. Let them stand back while "Wisdom in a nut shell"—J. H. Reifsnyder—steps to the front. He is, 1, a Justice of the Peace; 2, secretary of the Millheim Building and Loan Association; 3, agent for the Gratz estate; 4, a surveyor; 5, a scrivner; 6, a justice of the quorum; 7, a censor of the public morals and 8, the knowingest man above ground. With these burdens resting upon him it might be supposed that he would have his hand full. Not so; he attends to all the duties of the above offices and still finds time to go nosing about and smelling into other people's business, like a pig in a barnyard. We'd like to see him elected; he'd run the town and county himself. Don't sacrifice him; it would be like killing a half fatted hungry pig.

Register—Judge Herring, of Gregg, is the coming man. John H. Morrison is too faithful a man; but if John W. Scholl whips out his opponents like he did the bogus fruit tree peddlers, he'll give the Judge a tight race. Noll, of Spring, and Burchfield, of Pine Grove, might as well hang up the fiddle.

Among the prominent candidates for Recorder we mention first Hon. John S. Proudfoot, of Milesburg, the wisest man now living. Berry Kreamer, Isaac Miller's successor as proprietor of the "Race Horse" hotel at Lemont, has been entering himself with a good deal of spirit, and may make a close heat of it. Professor Wm. Alphonsus Tobias, L. L. D., is also a candidate and will make a fair officer if elected. Nelson Lucas had better peddle his ice during the heated term; there's more money in it than running for office. Mr. Henry Beck ("who speaks both German and English,") will hear of his defeat about a week from to-day. Too slow!

The Republican party is going to elect the commissioners and we will not take the time to give the opposition candidates a going over.

—An army of book agents hover around the Bellefonte School Board like vultures over a flock of nine lambs.

——From the windows of our new office in Haupt's building we can look over to the store of Sechler & Co., in the Bush House block. It is surprising to see, when every one else is complaining of dull times the tremendous crowds of people that come to this famous store from every section of the county, and such stacks of goods as they carry away, and they all seem satisfied.

PERSONALS.—Dr. Albert Mackey, of Washington City, whose name is a household word in masonic circles the world over, has been spending some time at the Bush House whither he had brought an invalid daughter. The masonic fraternity of town tendered the distinguished visitor a reception in their Hall on Saturday evening. An address of welcome on the part of Bellefonte Lodge was responded to in an eloquent speech by Dr. Mackey. Afterwards, the brotherhood assembled in the dining hall and partook of an elegant collation. Dr. Mackey returned to Washington City on Monday evening leaving his family at the Bush House.

—James Miller, for many years a forgeman and well known to the iron men and workmen of Centre county, fell dead while at work for the Valentine Iron Co., in Williamsport on Monday last.

—Mr. John W. Holmes of Marion writes that he cut twenty acres of wheat, which shocked 567 dozen, with one 13 year-old Buckeye reaper and five boys in one day from sun rise to sun set, all shocked in a good and workman like manner. He challenges history and the farmers of Centre to beat him.

—Hoy and Meek are running neck and neck in the Senatorial race and who will come in winner will remain a matter of conjecture until the Democratic Convention decides it on Tuesday next.

—Geo. L. Potter and John L. Kurtz have purchased the interest of John I. Rankin in his insurance business, to be conducted hereafter in the name of G. L. Potter & Co.

—Mr. Samuel Foster, our genial ex-Commissioner, took suddenly sick on Friday night last, and friends gathered around his bedside fearing the end had come. Dr. J. H. Dobbins' skill and a merciful Providence interposed, and Mr. Foster is at present gaining his wanted health. Such citizens as he is are scarce, and everybody feels thankful at his recovery.

—Col. James Neff, one of the best lawyers in Freeport, Ill., and son of Mr. Joseph Neff, of Pennsvalley, dropped in to see us yesterday. The Colonel looks very well, and notwithstanding the fact that he has made a very comfortable fortune in the last eight years, he is as pleasant and as much of an old bachelor ever.

—Miss Beckie McGinley, late assistant principal of our Public School, and who was elected to a subordinate position for the next year, which her friends would not permit her to accept, has been called to a far more pleasant and lucrative field of labor at Chadd's Ford, near Philadelphia. The position is a very pleasant one, the duties are comparatively light, and the salary is far in advance of that which she received in our schools. Miss McGinley as a teacher has no superiors in the County and but few equals any where, and we heartily congratulate her future patrons on their success in securing the services of a capable teacher and a most accomplished lady.

——A melee took place near Strychnine corner on Saturday evening, during the progress of which a young man named Kobella threw a stone which struck George Bollier, a workman at Mann's Axe Factory, on the side of his head, making a frightful wound. Bollier was carried in an insensible condition to William's drug store, where the wound was dressed. It is feared that he will not recover, although he is living at present. No arrest.

——The Centre County Normal School opened at Milesburg on Tuesday of last week under most favorable auspices. A large number of teachers were present on opening day and they have been coming in daily ever since. One noticable feature is the fact that a large percentage of the number present are among the oldest and best teachers in the county which is a most favorable commentary on the ability and competency of Prof. Meyer the accomplished superintendent. As a place to procure the kind of instruction needed in the school room, we know of no better than the Normal School at Milesburg; and we advise our young teachers to avail themselves of the opportunity thus afforded.

——Isaac Gugenheimer Nos 1 & 2 Bushe's Arcade High St., sells groceries, dry goods & clothing, at prices which defy competition.

——Isaac Gugenheimer on the corner of High & Water Street, pays the very highest price for butter and eggs.

——Go to Gugenheimer's for clothing, the best place in the city; he keeps the largest assortment, and the finest goods.

——The business season just closed has been a very unsatisfactory one, to all those dealers who continue to ask large profits, when the day for that has past. We live in the present, and as the style of business is, so must all thorough going business follow. This has been adhered to fully, all the past season, by Montgomery, the clothier and gentlemen's furnisher in Brockerhoff Row. His prices are much below Eastern manufacturers, and slightly above the ready made. For the fall season he is preparing to manufacture goods for men's wear, on a large scale and lower prices than ever. Hats for all classes, a specialty.